THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 95

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY

—BY—

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

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One square one insertion : : : : : $1 50
" each additional insertion : : 75
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" one month : : : : : : : 15 00

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☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

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☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : : $3 00
To clubs of ten or more, each : : : 2 00
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DIRECTORY

Of First Class Business Houses OF MEMPHIS.

A. B. McClennan & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 284 Front st.

Commercial Bank, Corner of Main and Madison streets.

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German National Bank, No. 293 Main st.

G. Freeland, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 266 Front street.

Gayoso Savings Institute, 1 Madison st. John C. Lanier, President.

H. Weiter & Co, Hardware, 13 & 15 Monroe street.

H. Hooper & Wharton, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 36 Madison.

J. G. Moffatt, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, 347 Main street.

J. Merriman, Byrd & Co., Watches and Jewelry, 275 Main street.

J. McCaffrey & Cornelius, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

J. Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 Second street.

M. J. Rossel, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 316 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 293 Main street.

Parlee, McGhee & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 7 Monroe st.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No. 11 Monroe st. eet

R. A. Moon, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

S. Steinberg, Tobacco and Cigars, 310 Front street

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 12 Madison street.

Worsham House, C B Galloway, proprietor, Main and Adams.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. P. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Eggmish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. Austin, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Austin, W. M.; H. P. Woodard, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 296. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. John Jay Worsham, 33d, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

ULYSSES Commandery, No. 1. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Maliardi, 32d, G.·. M.; J. A. E. Farland, 32d, Sec.·.

CASPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.·.; Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER OF Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K.—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Croft, 32d, Sec.·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Registrar.

TAILORING, SCOURING

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING,

—AND—

REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS,

54 1-2 Jefferson Street.

All orders executed with neatness and dispatch, and entire satisfaction guaranteed when the work is done. mar3

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

PREMIUM

SILK AND WOOLEN DYERS

216 Second Street,

BETWEEN JEFFERSON AND COURT.

SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—No answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

ELLIOTT & CO.,

Receiving & Forwarding

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 2 Promenade Street,

Foot of Jefferson, Opp. Steamboat Landing,

Office Up-Stairs, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Dealers in

Hay, Oats, Corn,

AND UP-COUNTRY PRODUCE,

No. 82 Beal Street, near Bayou Bridge

September, 1867. set

WM. H. TRIGG. JOHN T. PIGOTT. WM. M. JOHNSON

WM. H. TRIGG & CO.,

Bankers and Exchange Dealers,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROONVILLE, MO.

BUY and Sell Exchange; Deal in Gold and Silver Coin, Bank Notes and Military Bonds; Deposits Received and Accounts Kept for Customers; Real Estate Bought and Sold, Taxes Paid, etc.; Loans Negotiated upon Real Estate Security; Bonds, Stocks, Merchantile Paper, and other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission; Collections upon all accessible points made upon favorable terms, and proceeds promptly accounted for.

Tendering our services to our old friends and the public generally for the transaction of any business pertaining to a Banking Exchange, Collection or Real Estate office,

We are, very respectfully,

WM. H. TRIGG & CO.

P. S.—We have also for sale, Real Estate Records, of Cooper Co.; Original Entries, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgments, Wills, Decrees, etc., showing condition of title to all the Real Estate in the County. W. H. T. & CO.

oct2

Notice.

ALL persons holding claims against the estate of David Weeks, deceased, are notified to file them with the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

F. SMITH, Administrator.

October 29, 1867. oct3 law3w

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DENTISTS.

J. W. CLAPP, C. F. VANCE, Late of Holly Springs, Miss. J. A. ANDERSON.

CLAPP, VANCE & ANDERSON,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 15 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS.

nov21 1m

M. R. HEATH. A. M. LEWIS. C. W. FRAZER.

HEATH, LEWIS & FRAZER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

S. E. Corner Second and Union Sts.,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ Collections made in the surrounding country. nov21

Harris & Blair,

DENTISTS

No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,

J. R. HARRIS. ADAMS' BLOCK. C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

J. E. TEMPLE,

Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.

OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No. 17 Third Story, Titus Block. nov8

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, ROBERT A. HATCHER. Late of Gallatin, Tenn. Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. apr17 tf

W. A. PERCY. M. D. DIXON.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec15 1y

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

S. STERNBERG & CO.,

WESTERN AND VIRGINIA

Tobacco Agency,

Dealers in Imported and Domestic

CIGARS,

No. 310 Front Street,

MEMPHIS.

oct12 6m

C. C. PARTEE, B. FRANK HARBERT. Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

14 Monroe Street,

Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.

oct10 wom4dtm

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5628.

1st Tishri, 30th September,.....1867.
1st Cheshvan, 30th October,..... "
1st Kislev, 29th November,..... "
1st Tayeth, 29th December,..... "
1st Shevah, 28th January,.....1868.
1st Adar, 28th February,..... "
1st Nisan, 29th March,..... "
1st Eyar, 28d April,..... "
1st Sivan, 22d May,..... "
1st Tammuz 21st June,..... "
1st Av, 20th July,..... "
1st Elul, 19th August,..... "

Ash Wednesday, 6th March,.....1867.
Maundy Thursday, 18th April,..... "
Good Friday, 19th April,..... "
Easter Sunday, 21st April,..... "
Ascension, 30th May,..... "
Pentecost, 9th June,..... "
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. ja12 mhi tf

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe Street.

se26

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smoking Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. se26

IN offering OUR BITTERS to the Southern Public, we have no hesitancy in asserting their superiority over any Northern production in our markets. In their devisement they are purely Southern—compounded with a special adaptitude to the various types of stomacic derangements prevalent in our climate.

It is a gentle stimulant to the system after undergoing a severe illness.

It is a cure for Dyspepsia.

It assists Digestion.

It cures Diarrhœa and Cholera Morbus.

It is a preventive for Chills and Fevers.

It is an invaluable companion for person traveling at all seasons of the year.

It is a HOME enterprise, and possesses true merit.

☞ Sold everywhere.

C. H. EBBERT & CO.,

Sole Manufacturers.

Depot, No. 6 Howard's Row,

feb9 1y Memphis, Tenn.

Trust Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by Gabriel Choate, on the 1st day of November, 1865, and of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Book No. 52, pages 214, 215 and 216, to secure a certain note as therein described, I will, on the

Seventeenth day of December, 1867,

Between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 2 p m., at the southwest corner of Court Square, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, a certain tract of land containing 51½ acres, situate in Shelby county, Tennessee, and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of a 200 acre grant of the State of Tennessee to Samuel Bell, thence south 89 deg. west 101 poles 10 links to a stake, gum, oak and hickory pointers in the south boundary, thence north 1 deg. west 80 poles 4 links to a stake, two gums and dogwood pointers, thence north 89 deg east 102 poles to a stake in the east boundary, white oak pointer, thence south 1 deg. east 80 poles and 3 links to the beginning—the same being sub-division No. 2 of J. H. Bateman's survey of said tract.

The right of redemption is waived, and the title believed to be good, but I will convey only as trustee.

I. M. HILL, Trustee.

Ayres & Randolph, Attorneys.

November 15, 1867. nov15 tds

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

A Leading Radical Paper Objects to His Trial.

From the Cincinnati Gazette, 15th.]

There are people yet who think that something is to be gained or some principle established by the trial of Jefferson Davis, and day by day the approaching trial is announced. What is to be accomplished by it? Is it to convict him of treason? Who believes that a Virginia jury, legally drawn, can be had to do that? And if he were convicted, what then? Why should he be punished when Lee and all the rest were discharged without conditions? Is this Government going to revive the Jewish scape-goat institution, and pile all the sins of the rebellion on one man in order to cancel them all in the lump by a fine? Or is this trial to be had in order to decide whether secession is a right? Think of this Government, after calling out a million of men to put down the rebellion, submitting its right to do so to a jury of twelve men in a rebel State.

And what if the jury should acquit him? Then it will have been decided at law that secession is right, and that the Government committed a crime by resisting it; and as an illegal order is no defence to the agent, all our soldiers who carried on the war will have been found guilty of murder. What a splendid consummation this would be for our imbecile officiousness in demanding a trial of Jefferson Davis. A jury trial is not fit for the head of a great belligerent power that carried on a terrible war for four years. The right of a nation to subdue a rebellion is not a thing to be submitted to any jury. It is not fit to execute a penalty on one man out of a belligerent power that put half a million of armed men in the field, and after we have discharged all the rest.

Jefferson Davis is a fit subject for Johnson's pardon. This ignominy may serve in the place of penalty. We know nothing more humiliating that we can do to him, than to have him owe his discharge to Johnson's pardon. Let him have this, and let us stop the farce of a trial which is announced as close at hand.

THE CURRENCY—EXPANSION OR CONTRACTION?

The Commercial article of the New York *Herald* of the 12th November, says:

It is understood that early in the session measures will be introduced in both Houses of Congress for the contraction of the currency and favorable to inflation, and it is to be presumed from the present temper of the public mind that the anti-contractionists will be successful at least to the extent of repealing the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to contract United States notes at the rate of four millions a month. Popular sentiment is more strongly opposed to contraction at the present time than it has ever been before, because its effects are visible on all sides in the depression in trade which prevails all over the country, and it requires no very vivid imagination to picture worse results if such contraction is persevered in. The South is recovering very slowly from the prostrating influences of the war, and an abundant and the Christian text classes "the publican and the taxgatherer" as one in repute and performance; and those old fellows stole a measure of cummin, may be or a skin of wine. Perhaps some fellow of unusual coldness here and there may have taken a talent of silver. What plagmies of plunder! Hundreds of thousands of dollars make the small dust in the balance of our revenue collectors, and a place is hardly worth the inquiring by which it is gained if it does not promise a round million above all contingencies for a term.

THE following regulations in relation to the removal of cotton have been issued by the Internal Revenue Department:

Under section four of the act of July 13, 1866, cotton may be removed from the district in which it has been produced to any other district, without prepayment of tax, under bond or other security, to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

It having been found by experience that the furnishing of increased facilities for the removal of cotton without prepayment of tax is consistent with increased security to the treasury, it is determined to substitute shipments to revenue officers under bills of lading for the bonds heretofore required.

Accordingly, the owner or other holder of cotton which he desires to remove from the district of production to another district, without prepayment of the tax, will hereafter be required to obtain a bill of lading (in duplicate, signed by a well known, regularly established and responsible transportation company, consigning the cotton to the Collector of the district of destination, for delivery to the factor or agent of the owner, after payment of the tax.

The transportation company signing such bills of lading will be required to furnish to the Assessor of the district in which is the receiving port or point of destination, immediately after arrival, a copy of their manifest or way bill, so far as it relates to any cotton transported by them, and stating therein whether the cotton is class A, B, or C, as hereinbefore required.

Each Assessor will keep an account of all cotton entered upon the copies of manifests and way bills so furnished to him.

Should any transportation company refuse or neglect to furnish the Assessor with a copy of manifest or way bill as above required, the Assessor will immediately notify all the Assessors on the line of such transportation company of such neglect or refusal; and thereafter no permit for the transportation of cotton by such company will be granted by any Assessor without permission to do so being obtained from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The True Issue.

"Mack," writing from Washington to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, thus states what the late elections decided:

They entirely misinterpret the results of the recent elections in the Northern States, who attribute them to mere local causes, or to any special issues that appeared upon the surface or were trumped up for electioneering purposes on oneside or the other. From Connecticut, in April, to New York, in November, every election has been a Democratic victory and a Republican defeat; and while the minor issues may have been different in different States, there was one general issue which was the same everywhere, and which was at the only pertinent one of national importance, and that was the reconstruction policy of Congress.

THE Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says in his dispatch of the 15th: "The Radical leaders are alarmed at the course of the Alabama Convention. Telegrams are flying thick and fast between Washington and Montgomery to check it. The negro party there declare they intend to perpetuate their power in the State by disfranchising a great portion of the white people, and also to appeal to the Northern Republicans for universal suffrage. They say it would be death to their hopes, and the whites outnumber them. Such was the true condition of affairs yesterday, where the Convention adjourned to consult with Gens. Pope and Swayne, who are in constant telegraphic communication with Washington."

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

—The New Yorkers threaten to reduce their clerks' salaries, the times are so bad.

—An English life insurance company estimates that it loses $50,000 a year from fires caused by the careless use of matches.

—The New Hampshire Democratic State Convention has nominated John G. Sinclair for Governor.

—Sam. Clark, of Kosciusko, Miss., was shot and killed recently, by his brother-in-law, T. J. McMichael.

—A negro woman near Savannah, a few days ago, gave birth to three children—two coal black and one pure white.

—Edwin Booth has been overwhelmed with sentimental missives in the West.

—Ballet girls now dance in the square of Saint Mark, in Venice, on pleasant afternoons.

—Life is but a flower, which is no sooner fully blown than it begins to wither.

—The profits of the London *Times* are said to reach nearly half a million of dollars a year.

—The Judiciary Committee have postponed the Maryland investigation until after the 25th inst. They will now devote their time to the impeachment question.

—The number of immigrants who have arrived at New York from January 4 to November 13, 1867, has been 220,475, as compared with 212,752 during the same period of 1866.

—The Democratic rallying cry in Massachusetts during the late canvass was "Adams and Liberty;" that of the Republicans, "Bullock and Roast Beef."

—Gregory, a photographer in Cleveland, was found in his room, on Saturday morning, with his throat cut, and a girl, name unknown, lying by his side, shot, and both dead.

—Russia is reported to have decreased its army by about 100,000 men during the past year. It still has an effective force of about half a million.

—Gen. Rousseau and his staff have returned from Sitka, and are again in San Francisco. They did not find the climate of Walrussia so fascinating as to induce a protracted sojourn.

—The *World's* special says Representative Ashley will introduce on the first day of the session a bill to prevent the present Ohio Legislature from re-districting the State so as to give the Congressional districts to the Democrats in the election next year.

—Governor Cleveland's *Plaindealer* urges the selection of Cleveland as the place to hold the next Democratic National Convention, and says that prominent gentlemen agree to erect a grand temple to be used by the Convention in its session.

—The Republicans of Utah have nominated the Hon. Wm. A. Darling as their candidate for Mayor. He will, therefore, contest the field with Mayor Hoffman and Fernando Wood.

—The Pine Bluff *Dispatch* says the streets of that city are daily crowded with emigrants en route to Texas.

—A musical association has been formed at Little Rock, and officers elected.

—A number of prominent citizens of New York have requested Alexander H. Stephens to address them on the condition of the South. He has accepted, and will arrive in a few days and deliver the address.

—The Messrs. Wise, who assaulted Pollard in Baltimore, publish a card denying the truth of the report that Wise (Pollard's) wife was near; saying that she was inside of the hotel entrance; also asserting that George D. Wise did not fire until fired upon by Pollard.

—It is learned that there is a powerful influence in favor of a general funding scheme covering the whole national debt, thus extending the time of the payment of our liabilities, and meantime providing for the gradual liquidation by a judicious system of taxation.

—Mount Vesuvius is belching forth from its crater a pillar of fire, which is said to be a magnificent sight, as viewed from the city of Naples. It may prove to be rather expensive fireworks.

—All the telegraph lines of Great Britain are to be placed under the Post-office Department, and it is expected that this action will result in cheapening of the rates of telegraphing.

—The returns from all the counties in Wisconsin give Fairchild, the Republican candidate for Governor, 4741 majority over Tallmadge, Democrat. In the election last year the Republicans claimed Wisconsin by 23,907 majority, and in 1865 by 1002 majority.

—Twenty thousand Roman Catholics are said to live in Japan, who are descendants of converts made by missionaries who labored there two hundred years ago. They have a bishop and a number of priests, and are said to have preserved the religion in all its original purity, undisturbed by their heathen neighbors.

—The Wilmington dispatch, from Wilmington, N. C., of the 16th, says: A Conservative ticket has been brought out here, and considerable reaction has commenced among the colored voters. Some of them will vote the Conservative ticket.

—In Holland it has been discovered that their prisons are too comfortable and tempt back convicts, who carry away a fond recollection of the luxuries of the incarceration. At least this is the complaint made in a report made by one of the committees of the Second Chamber of the States General.

—The *Valley Virginian* announces that the process of making steel out of a common blast furnace direct from the ore, and which has been invented by Mr. Leyland, is a success, and that steel rails will soon be laid on the Central railroad, and says: "This is truly reconstruction! Think of it; a revolution in the iron business of the world, and all by a valley man!"

—About a million of children are said to gather weekly in the Methodist Sunday schools in the United States, under the instruction of 160,000 teachers. The M. E. Sunday-school Union last year expended nearly $30,000 in assisting feeble schools. The society issues 2,600 different publications, the annual circulation of which is equivalent to 600,000,000 of 18mo. pages.

—The philosopher of the New York *Tribune* did not gratify himself by gazing at the meteoric exhibition on the 13th and 14th, but yielded the field to his Democratic friends, as he had "seen stars" enough the week previous to satisfy him for at least one year.

—The Columbia and Augusta railroad bridge was crossed by trains for the first time on the 15th inst. The bridge is a handsome iron structure. Its entire length is 1040 feet. The road, when completed, will be the great through line between the North and South, and will shorten the distance between Columbia, S. C., and Augusta, Ga., sixty miles. The laying of the track is being pushed hard.

—We learn that Mr. Sam. P. Ivins will revive the Athens *Post* on the 5th of December. This was one of the best papers in Tennessee before the war, and Mr. Ivins has lost none of the spirit and energy with which he then conducted the *Post*.

—The St. Paul *Press*, of the 15th inst., publishes returns from all but three frontier counties in Minnesota, and figures the majority for Marshall, the Republican candidate for Governor, at 5500. It concedes the defeat of negro suffrage by about 1000 majority.

—Mayence, the famous fortress, by the laying of a cable under the Rhine, has just been connected with the telegraph network, which places all the fortresses of the Rhine in communication with Berlin, or, in case of necessity, with the Commander-in-chief of the Prussian army. This will be of great value to Prussia if hostilities break out next year.

—"Tennessee," says a private letter, lately received from the French capital, "is not left out in the cold upon the Champ de Mars. The tallest man that wanders among the cafes thereabout is a Tennesseean. The prettiest woman to be seen among the flowers is a Tennessean. Tennessee marble decks one of the finest avenues; and a rattleborn, born and raised in Tennessee, and possessed of all the accomplishments of his nativity, may be found in the 'museum.'"

—A Montgomery correspondent of the Mobile *Times*, writing about the State Convention now in session, says that, for some days past, the galleries have been almost exclusively occupied by negroes, who hang over the railings for hours, and stare and doze in a very seventh heaven of bliss. To sit still and do nothing but gaze on "a colored gentleman" who has the floor, seems the acme of enjoyment to the nation's ward, and is a pleasure that is liberally enjoyed.

—A Washington dispatch to the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: "The fight between the friends of Judge Chase and Gen. Grant has been intensified by the revelations made in the dispatch of your correspondent respecting the General's repudiation of Forney and his clique. Chase's friends think Grant has damaged himself. Judge Kelly, of Philadelphia, says Grant cannot carry a single State if he does not stand on a negro suffrage platform, and if he does he is sure not to carry one. So the General is in a bad way."

—A Washington special of the 12th says: Rumors are again rife about changes in the War Department and Treasury. Gen. Ewing, of Ohio, and Gov. Bramlette, of Kentucky, are named for Cabinet positions, but no one is authorized to speak for the President, who is reticent. There is a determined effort to displace McCulloch, with Collector Smythe, of New York, as his successor. Robert J. Walker is understood to favor his pretensions. Smythe is regarded as capable, and as his record for integrity is unimpeached, and he has proved a faithful friend to the President, it is likely he will be appointed. There are strong evidences that important events of this character will transpire at an early day.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Noon Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

CHICAGO, November 21.—The fight between Bussey, of St. Louis, and Duffy, of Chicago, occurred yesterday. One hundred and thirty-five rounds were fought in one hour and forty-five minutes. Bussey was victorious.

AUGUSTA, November 20.—Gen. Pope has ordered the Reconstruction Convention to meet at Atlanta on the 9th of December.

The county Conservative Convention will meet at Macon on the third of December.

NEW YORK, November 21.—A Washington special says Secretary Seward has purchased a province in the Island of Borneo, with spacious harbor and good anchorage. Also that there is good reason for believing that the Alabama claims are about to be amicably adjusted. Each Government will recede somewhat from its original position.

CHARLESTON, November 20.—The election to-day was perfectly quiet, mostly confined to the negroes. Accounts from the interior represent the whites everywhere declining to participate in the election. A State appropriation bill will soon be issued by Gen. Canby. It provides liberally for the judiciary, the penitentiary and State institutions. The State tax bill will appear at the same time.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 20.—The elections passed off very orderly to-day. The whites voted heavily, and nearly unanimously the Conservative ticket. Many voted against the Convention, but over three hundred whites who registered failed to vote. One thousand votes were cast to-day, making 2000 for two days. The ballots have not yet been counted, and the result in the State is unknown, but it is thought the Radicals have carried this city by 250 majority.

WILMINGTON, November 21.—The election closed without any disturbance or an arrest. The blacks polled a full vote, and not one was known to vote the Conservative ticket. Very few white Radical voters are in the city. The vote in the different wards, so far as heard from, is as follows: Second Ward—Radical, 299; Conservative, 126. Third Ward—Radical, 251; Conservative, 115. Fourth Ward—Radical, 293; Conservative, 156. Total registered vote in the city is 905 white and 1583 black. This includes the Hon. Wm. A. Darling as their candidate for Mayor. He will, therefore, contest the field with Mayor Hoffman and Fernando Wood.

—The Pine Bluff *Dispatch* says the streets of that city are daily crowded with emigrants en route to Texas.

—A musical association has been formed at Little Rock, and officers elected.

—A number of prominent citizens of New York have requested Alexander H. Stephens to address them on the condition of the South. He has accepted, and will arrive in a few days and deliver the address.

—The Messrs. Wise, who assaulted Pollard in Baltimore, publish a card denying the truth of the report that Wise (Pollard's) wife was near; saying that she was inside of the hotel entrance; also asserting that George D. Wise did not fire until fired upon by Pollard.

—It is learned that there is a powerful influence in favor of a general funding scheme covering the whole national debt, thus extending the time of the payment of our liabilities, and meantime providing for the gradual liquidation by a judicious system of taxation.

—Mount Vesuvius is belching forth from its crater a pillar of fire, which is said to be a magnificent sight, as viewed from the city of Naples. It may prove to be rather expensive fireworks.

—All the telegraph lines of Great Britain are to be placed under the Post-office Department, and it is expected that this action will result in cheapening of the rates of telegraphing.

—The returns from all the counties in Wisconsin give Fairchild, the Republican candidate for Governor, 4741 majority over Tallmadge, Democrat. In the election last year the Republicans claimed Wisconsin by 23,907 majority, and in 1865 by 1002 majority.

—Twenty thousand Roman Catholics are said to live in Japan, who are descendants of converts made by missionaries who labored there two hundred years ago. They have a bishop and a number of priests, and are said to have preserved the religion in all its original purity, undisturbed by their heathen neighbors.

—The Wilmington dispatch, from Wilmington, N. C., of the 16th, says: A Conservative ticket has been brought out here, and considerable reaction has commenced among the colored voters. Some of them will vote the Conservative ticket.

—In Holland it has been discovered that their prisons are too comfortable and tempt back convicts, who carry away a fond recollection of the luxuries of the incarceration. At least this is the complaint made in a report made by one of the committees of the Second Chamber of the States General.

—The *Valley Virginian* announces that the process of making steel out of a common blast furnace direct from the ore, and which has been invented by Mr. Leyland, is a success, and that steel rails will soon be laid on the Central railroad, and says: "This is truly reconstruction! Think of it; a revolution in the iron business of the world, and all by a valley man!"

—About a million of children are said to gather weekly in the Methodist Sunday schools in the United States, under the instruction of 160,000 teachers. The M. E. Sunday-school Union last year expended nearly $30,000 in assisting feeble schools. The society issues 2,600 different publications, the annual circulation of which is equivalent to 600,000,000 of 18mo. pages.

—The philosopher of the New York *Tribune* did not gratify himself by gazing at the meteoric exhibition on the 13th and 14th, but yielded the field to his Democratic friends, as he had "seen stars" enough the week previous to satisfy him for at least one year.

—The Columbia and Augusta railroad bridge was crossed by trains for the first time on the 15th inst. The bridge is a handsome iron structure. Its entire length is 1040 feet. The road, when completed, will be the great through line between the North and South, and will shorten the distance between Columbia, S. C., and Augusta, Ga., sixty miles. The laying of the track is being pushed hard.

—We learn that Mr. Sam. P. Ivins will revive the Athens *Post* on the 5th of December. This was one of the best papers in Tennessee before the war, and Mr. Ivins has lost none of the spirit and energy with which he then conducted the *Post*.

—The St. Paul *Press*, of the 15th inst., publishes returns from all but three frontier counties in Minnesota, and figures the majority for Marshall, the Republican candidate for Governor, at 5500. It concedes the defeat of negro suffrage by about 1000 majority.

—Mayence, the famous fortress, by the laying of a cable under the Rhine, has just been connected with the telegraph network, which places all the fortresses of the Rhine in communication with Berlin, or, in case of necessity, with the Commander-in-chief of the Prussian army. This will be of great value to Prussia if hostilities break out next year.

—"Tennessee," says a private letter, lately received from the French capital, "is not left out in the cold upon the Champ de Mars. The tallest man that wanders among the cafes thereabout is a Tennesseean. The prettiest woman to be seen among the flowers is a Tennesseean. Tennessee marble decks one of the finest avenues; and a rattleborn, born and raised in Tennessee, and possessed of all the accomplishments of his nativity, may be found in the 'museum.'"

—A Montgomery correspondent of the Mobile *Times*, writing about the State Convention now in session, says that, for some days past, the galleries have been almost exclusively occupied by negroes, who hang over the railings for hours, and stare and doze in a very seventh heaven of bliss. To sit still and do nothing but gaze on "a colored gentleman" who has the floor, seems the acme of enjoyment to the nation's ward, and is a pleasure that is liberally enjoyed.

—A Washington dispatch to the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: "The fight between the friends of Judge Chase and Gen. Grant has been intensified by the revelations made in the dispatch of your correspondent respecting the General's repudiation of Forney and his clique. Chase's friends think Grant has damaged himself. Judge Kelly, of Philadelphia, says Grant cannot carry a single State if he does not stand on a negro suffrage platform, and if he does he is sure not to carry one. So the General is in a bad way."

—A Washington special of the 12th says: Rumors are again rife about changes in the War Department and Treasury. Gen. Ewing, of Ohio, and Gov. Bramlette, of Kentucky, are named for Cabinet positions, but no one is authorized to speak for the President, who is reticent. There is a determined effort to displace McCulloch, with Collector Smythe, of New York, as his successor. Robert J. Walker is understood to favor his pretensions. Smythe is regarded as capable, and as his record for integrity is unimpeached, and he has proved a faithful friend to the President, it is likely he will be appointed. There are strong evidences that important events of this character will transpire at an early day.

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WE would call the attention of the Public to the fact that, having entirely altered and improved our premises, we are desirous of selling out the present Stock of DRY GOODS at prices which we do not publish for a PUFF and BLOW, but would simply ask of a discriminating public to come and

Look at the Goods,

And then judge for yourselves. Adopting for our motto, "HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY," we shall adhere strictly to it in all the details of our business, and endeavor to give every satisfaction to those who favor us with their patronage.

We do not intend to "give up business" or "dissolve partnership," but shall sell goods at prices which are an advertisement in themselves, feeling confident that an intelligent public will soon see the difference between WORDS and ACTIONS. Remember,

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Fancy Toilet Articles, Etc.,

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☞ Sign of the Big Mortar. oct26tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons interested will take notice that I will make application at the December term, 1867, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, for letters of administration upon the estate of John B. McNiell, deceased.

CHARLES HARRIS,

November 13,

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

FRIDAY, : : : : : NOVEMBER 22, 1867

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HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

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PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been disseized; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

CUI BONO?

The *National Intelligencer* of a late date, says:

The people of the ten proscribed States of the South have been much cheered and encouraged by the results of the elections in the Northern and Western States. But they are now beginning to inquire what real benefit, what practical relief this change of politics, so general in the lately Radical communities, will bring to them. The change has, indeed, been long deferred, and will be slow in the progress towards a thorough revolution in the governing power—now practically centered in a sectional Congress. The people will still be misrepresented, or non-represented, in Congress, at least for a year or two to come. The people cannot repeal the barbarous and oppressive reconstruction acts. They cannot restore the Southern States and people to their constitutional rights, and proper place in the Union. There is little ground for the hope that this Congress will retrace its steps. Its leaders have avowed their determination to disregard the verdict of the people, and to persist in their scheme for the establishment and maintenance of negro supremacy in the Southern States, and, thereby, over the whole Union.

There is no reason to expect that this Radical Congress will become more placable towards the white Conservative citizens of the South, or more considerate even of the best interests of the North. This Congress will insist upon the fulfilment, by each of the excluded States, of every provision and condition of the reconstruction acts. They must and will have negro-Radical allies in the South, to enable them to counterbalance the Conservative forces advancing against them from the North.

* * *

What, then, it is asked, can citizens of the South do in their present situation? From what quarter can they expect early relief? Not from the United States Senate, for that body will remain Radical for four years, and resist the repeal or modification of the reconstruction acts. The House of Representatives may be Democratic or Conservative in the next Congress through the elections in the States now represented. But if the Radicals bring into the House, as they say they will, fifty Radical negro representatives, they will still maintain a majority.

* * *

It is absurd to suppose that Congress, in this case, will revert to positive measures—to confiscation, disfranchisement, etc. The people will not tolerate this. The only salvation for the South and for the whole country is to be found in the possible chance that the Southern people will reject constitutions fixing upon them and upon the whole Union the despotic rule of the Radical party, through the establishment of negro supremacy.

The New York *Day Book* says:

While we have never presumed to advise the Southern people, we will venture to say to every man who chances to read this article, if you assent tacitly, or by acquiescence, to *anything* done by the mongrel party, you will be responsible to God if not to man for the murder of innocent children and helpless women, and that awful train of nameless horrors necessarily wrapped up in the "reconstruction policy." The South, by foolishly disarming after it had made such a horrible venture as a "Southern Confederacy," now lies prostrate and helpless at the feet of the most monstrous madness that ever afflicted the world; but if it will not itself assent to its own ruin, the Northern Democracy will soon come to its aid, and save the country from destruction.

The South has of necessity to be patient and wait. It has no option in the matter. It is entirely dependent on the Democracy of the North and the Conservative Republicans; and the undoing of a swift mischief is always the slow work of time. The work of reconstruction must needs run its course. All the Provinces will become negro-radical States, and be admitted into the Union before the Spring of 1868 opens, with twenty Jacobin Senators, in addition to those of Tennessee, and fifty Representatives.

Of course it will be impossible for the South to rid itself of negro suffrage, until it can be sustained by a Democratic President and Congress. Whether a Democratic President can be elected, against the Electoral votes of the Radical Northern States, and the undivided Southern Electoral vote of eighty; and whether a Democratic majority can be obtained in each House of Congress within four or five years, at present seems very doubtful. The time will come, perhaps, when the white men of the Southern States can exercise their inherent right of holding Conventions and framing white men's Constitutions, limiting the privilege of suffrage as they may deem wise and just; but if the white men of Tennessee, the Union-men sickening of the burlesque of government which negro-suffrage inflicts upon the State, should now, or within any short period, hold a Convention and adopt a new Constitution, how could it be put in operation?

It is true that the Constitution of Tennessee contains the following provisions:

"ARTICLE I.

"DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

"SECTION 1. That all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness; for the advancement of those ends, *they have, at all times, an inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform, or abolish the government, in such manner as they may think proper.*

"SECTION 2. That government being instituted for the common benefit, the doctrine of non-resistance against arbitrary power and oppression, is absurd, slavish, and destructive of the good and happiness of mankind.

ARTICLE XI.

"SECTION 12. The Declaration of Rights hereto prefixed is declared to be a part of the Constitution of this State, and shall never be violated on any pretence whatever. And to guard against transgression of the high powers we have delegated, we declare that everything in the bill of rights contained, is excepted out of the general powers of government, and shall forever remain inviolate."

It is true also, that the Supreme Court of Tennessee, in *State* v. *Claiborne, Meigs*, 331, decided that negroes did not become citizens of the State by being emancipated; and that laws might be passed to forbid free persons of colour removing into the State, they not being included in the term "freemen" assued in the Constitution.

It is true that it is only "the free white men" of the State, to whom the Constitution guarantees the right to keep and to bear arms for their common defence.

It is true that the Supreme Court of the United States has decided that a negro cannot be a citizen of the United States; and that Congress could not make a whole race of emancipated slaves, citizens by a law; it having only the power to establish a uniform rule of naturalization.

It is true that it is only the citizens of *a State* who are by the Constitution of the United States, "entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens of the several States;" and that if there can be citizens of the United States, not citizens of any State, it is impossible for Congress to give them any of the privileges or immunities of citizens of a particular State.

It is true that the Constitution does not recognize any persons as citizens of the United States; except those who are citizens of a State, and that the provision above cited is the only one that made any persons citizens of the United States. And it is equally true that if there can be millions of citizens of the United States, who are not citizens of any State, all the States might agree to dissolve the Union and resume their original Sovereignty and Independence, and still the United States would continue to exist, composed of those who are not citizens of any State; and these, as a Nation, would be proprietors of all the property of the Nation, and the people of all the States would be guilty of Treason, if they asserted by arms their right to put an end to the Union.

It is true that, according to the provisions of the Constitution of Tennessee, of 1834, directing the only mode by which it should be amended, the amendment and schedule adopted in 1865 are null and void, because not adopted in the manner prescribed, nor by a lawful convention of the People of the State.

It is true that even if the said amendments and schedule were valid, they only abolished slavery and involuntary servitude and thus emancipated the negro and mulatto slaves resident in the State; without declaring them citizens of the State, and provided that "the qualification of voters, and the limitation of the elective franchise" might be determined by the General Assembly which should first assemble thereafter; without giving the Legislature the power to make citizens of the emancipated slaves, and without declaring that its enactments should become part of the Constitution; and that it did not become so, because any subsequent Legislature can repeal it; nor could the Legislature make citizens and voters of the freedmen, because the Constitution requires voters to be citizens of the United States and of the State, and the right of suffrage can, in the nature of things, belong only to citizens of the State, it being the highest privilege of citizenship.

Of course, while the negroes of the State are permitted to vote, and judges appointed by a Governor elected by the negroes maintain their right to do so, and eighty thousand white men are disfranchised, it is certain that the Legislature, also in large measure elected by the negroes, will pass no law authorizing a Convention, and permitting all white men to vote for Delegates.

Suppose, then, that the disfranchised whites, and others who are disgusted with negro suffrage, hold elections for delegates to a Convention, without authority by legislative act; that the Delegates so elected are allowed to convene (which they probably would not be); that they frame a Constitution, and submit it to the vote of the white men of the State, who adopt it, and elect a Governor and Legislature and other State officers under it, what then? That is what DORR and his followers did in Rhode Island, in 1843. That State had no Constitution, and was governed by the old Colonial Charter. DORR and his party held a Convention, made a Constitution, and he was elected Governor, and undertook by force of arms, to get possession of the powers of the State. But the old Government was the regular one, and was sustained by the United States, and DORR was indicted for and convicted of treason against the State. The Supreme Court of the United States refused him a Habeas Corpus, and his attempt at revolution proved an abortion.

So the United States would recognize the present Government of Tennessee as the regular and legitimate Government. The State is in the Union under it. Under it it has its Representatives and Senators in Congress. If an attempt were made to overthrow it, the Governor would call on the United States for aid to suppress the insurrection; and ANDREW JOHNSON or his successor would put down the attempt, with the military power of the nation.

Nevertheless, the Caucasians of the United States will not long submit to all the evils and dishonours of negro suffrage. Those of the North cannot look from a distance with placidity and undisturbed by them, upon these mischiefs. If the negro vote helps Radicalism this year, it may not do it in the next. It will, at least, not confine itself to overpowering the intelligence and wisdom of the white race in the South; but it will come directly in conflict with the will of the same race in the North. Negroes will soon make their appearance in Congress. It is but a step from the State Conventions into its halls; and the plantation negro, uncouth and barbarous, or his lacquered and veneered brother of the city will sit by the side of the representative of the yeomanry of the West. We do not lose hope. The darkness may last our day, but the light will return by and by. We shall not be bondmen as long as the Hebrews were in the land of the Mitzraim. The will of the people will, after a time, be expressed through the Constitutional channels, and then be indeed the law of the land; and the white race will once more govern itself, without the help of the sable progeny of Africa.

FROM NEGRODOM.

NEW ORLEANS, October 21.—Special Order No. 186 declares the total vote of the State of Louisiana at the election on the question of a Convention to be 79,174 of which 75,083 were for the Convention and 4000 against, 85 blank. A majority of the whole number registered having voted, and a majority of the votes cast being for Convention, the delegates elected are notified to assemble in Convention at Mechanics' Hall, New Orleans, on November 23d. The order is signed by Gen. Mower.

The negro State of Louisiana will soon be welcomed into the Union, with all rebels disfranchised, common schools for negroes, to be maintained by taxes on property, and legislators, sheriffs, clerks and judges elected by negroes. It will be a fine spectacle for the world to witness: and when the State so bedevilled is once *in* the Union, how will Democratic victories in the North help it? "The ballot is peace," GREELEY says. The ballot will *prove* to be revolution and war, in the reconstructed States. The white race will not *always* look tamely on and see negro policemen, as in Mobile, dragging aged white ladies down stairs by the feet, and taking them before negro Judges to be imprisoned.

It is quite evident that the negroes and Radicals have the work of reconstruction in Louisiana altogether to themselves. It is when the State has *been* reconstructed, and the negroes have the power, and a negro Supreme Court or a Radical one decides that they have the right to disfranchise whom they please, as has been decided in Tennessee, that the reign of the Devil will fairly commence. What now is, is nothing to what will then be. Of all the damnable atrocities of all the tyrants of the world, nothing has equalled this of making negro States, and putting the white race under the feet of a race little better than the brutes that perish. And yet there are journals in the South, edited by white men, who justify it and exult at it! One finds it difficult to believe that they are sincere. If they are, it is charitable to hope that they are insane. If they are not sincere, one is tempted to think, as some aged lady, it is said, thought in regard to the Overseer of the Plantation of Tennessee, *that if they do not die soon, they will go to hell alive.* If one does not yet think so let him read the following paragraph:

A respectable white woman, a property owner in Mobile, was arrested one day last week by a negro policeman, and taken to the guard house. When he entered her house to make the arrest she refused to accompany him, on the ground that she had committed no offense. He then called for assistance and dragged her out by the heels. This is a fair illustration of what will be matters of every day occurrence when the plans of the Radicals shall have been fully consummated.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

—Charles Dickens has arrived at Boston.

—A furious snow storm, half a foot deep, has swept over the vicinity of Hartford.

—A. T. Stewart employs two thousand men in his New York stores.

—It is ascertained from an official source, that Mr. Davis will be tried on the indictment now pending.

—There were several shocks of earthquake at Kingston, Jamaica, on the 11th and 12th, and it is reported that the city of San Domingo has been destroyed by an earthquake.

—"Impeachment, Revocation of Pardons, Pre-emption of Surrendered Lands," is the legend Wendell Phillips desires inscribed on the flag of his party.

—One of the negro delegates to the Virginia Convention stole a horse and rode to the election in style. The Convention will miss him, as he is now in jail.

—A French physician is curing his patients who are suffering from debility and reduced and enfeebled blood, by giving them the fresh warm blood of chickens, ducks and other fowls.

—Another of the articles in the *Intelligencer*, attributed to Attorney General Stanbery, holding the extra session of Congress unconstitutional, was written by Henry Sherman, of the Law Department of the Treasury Department.

—The Columbus (Ohio) *Crisis* speaks of a politician in that State who "hates himself because he is not a nigger."

—The Nashville *Banner* says that the disease known as milk sickness is prevailing to a considerable extent in some of the counties in Tennessee, bordering on the Cumberland mountains.

—Mr. George Howard, a gallant soldier of the old 22d S. C. V., last week killed a bear, weighing four hundred pounds, on the plantation of Maj. John F. Hightower, on North Saluda river, in Greenville district.

—The election at Wilmington, N. C., passed off quietly. About 1400 votes were polled, nearly all negroes. About 125 whites voted against a Convention. The whites will vote to-morrow almost unanimously against a Convention.

—The election at Raleigh, N. C., passed off quietly. The negroes behaved with the utmost propriety. A strong military and police force was stationed at the polls and paraded the streets all day. About 1200 votes were cast. They were mostly those of negroes, and all Radical with two exceptions. The whites will reserve their strength until to-morrow.

A special says: The President, it is said, intends to direct Gen. Grant to cause to be mustered out of the service Gen. Howard and Gen. Gregory, both of the Freedmen's Bureau. Gen. Howard will still hold his position in the regular army, but Gen. Gregory goes out of the service altogether.

—Gen. Pope's last military exploit was the removal of an Atlanta policeman for making a negro voter behave himself at the polls. Pope called it "improper interference with voters at the polls."

—A special says Gen. Sherman is coming to Washington, it is said, to perform the duties of General-in-Chief during Gen. Grant's Secretaryship.

—The statue of Edward Everett, by Story, was unveiled in the public garden in Boston, Mass. Gov. Andrew was to have delivered an oration, but his death induced the committee to dispense with all public services.

—The Marion (S. C.) *Star* learns on good authority that one Middleton, a negro clergyman in that district, has written a letter to the military authorities, declaring in substance that "though it may seem egotism to say it, his word is law with the negroes in Marion district, and that he will die before he will pay the State tax."

—It is said that Louis Napoleon proposes to affiance the Prince Imperial of France to Giselle, the youngest daughter of the Emperor of Austria. It has already twice happened that an alliance of this kind between France and Austria has been followed by the downfall of the French reigning dynasty.

—A dispatch from Alexandria brings intelligence that the American Consul General, Charles Hale, has induced the Viceroy to issue a decree permitting the return to Egypt of the American missionaries and native Christian converts, who had been exiled from the country.

—The Conservative press of Georgia advocate the meeting of a Convention at Macon, on the 5th of December, for the purpose of organizing a party in opposition to reconstruction under the military bills, and with a view of defeating the Constitution to be submitted.

—An assassin in Federal uniform entered the counting room of the Jacksonville (Florida) *Courier*, on Thursday night last, and, after shooting at a negro, whom he missed, fired at and severely wounded Mr. Ben. H. Wear, the mailing clerk. The negro got a pistol, pursued and arrested him, and handed him over to the police.

—Tickets to Charles Dickens' course of four evenings of readings were sold in Boston, Monday morning. There was a great rush. Nearly all the tickets for the course, about 8000, were sold, and hundreds were disappointed. A few tickets got into the hands of speculators, who offer them at twenty dollars each.

—At Savannah, on the 16th, in the United States District Court, Judge Erskine presiding, ex-Gov. Brown counsel for Hon. Foster Blodgett, objected, by way of challenge, to a large majority of the grand jurors, on the ground of their inability to take the oath prescribed in the act of Congress of June 17, 1862. The Court sustained the objection, and directed the Marshal to impanel a new jury.

—The Baptist Home Mission Society has undertaken to raise a half million of dollars to aid in the erection of church edifices at the South and West. The money is to be loaned, not given. The rate of interest is to be moderate. Each loan, when returned to the Home Mission treasury, is to be loaned again, and then again; and so is expected perpetually to increase, while it is perpetually useful.

—The Catholic churches in New York city are to subscribe $100,000 a year toward the erection of the new cathedral on Fifth avenue until it is completed. The assessments on some of the churches are to be about $5000 per annum; on others $4000; while the remainder will subscribe smaller sums in proportion to their numbers.

—Alarming rumors are current at Antwerp, as to the critical condition of the dykes. It is said that the alterations in the course of the eastern branch of the Scheldt, made in constructing weirs recently, have proved disastrous to the dykage. These great defenders are menaced at several points, and an amount of labor costing millions will be necessary to arrest the calamity. It is even doubtful whether there is still time to prevent the threatened overthrow.

—Two mail riders have been murdered within six weeks on the route between Fort Gibson and Fort Washita. The Fort Smith *Herald*, of the 2d, records this incident connected with the first murder: It is said that the mule the first mail rider was riding when killed, did not leave the body, but stayed and fed around it for ten days, when it was found by some persons passing by. The mule had to go over a mile to get water, and the faithful animal would return from his watering place to the body every day. This fact was discovered by the beaten track the mule had made going to and returning from the watering place.

—The tariff of the Atlantic cable is settled. The following modifications go into effect the 1st of December: Falls between New York and any place in Great Britain or Ireland, ten words, not exceeding fifty letters in all, twenty-five cents for each word after the first. The first ten words $2 50, the address, date and signature, to the extent of five words, free of charge. No extra charge for messages is made consisting of plain words, but messages in cypher, that is to say a message in numerals or in letters of the alphabet not having any known or dictionary words or names of places, ships, persons, etc., to be charged for the first ten words twenty-five cents additional; $2 50 between New York city and points West and South thereof will be charged in addition to the above.

—In the reconstruction Convention of Alabama a resolution was adopted by a vote of fifty-seven to thirty-three, instructing the proper committee to change the names of all new counties created at the last session of the Legislature, that were named in glorification of the rebellion, or after those who participated therein. Afterwards, an ordinance to change the name of Albert county to Brownlow, was tabled; yeas, seventy-six; nays, twelve. Committees on several parts of the Constitution have reported. The officers of the Executive Department is to consist of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor and Treasurer; the Auditor to hold office four years, and the others for two years; all to be elected by the people. The Governor only has been elected by the popular vote heretofore.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

FROM JACKSON, TENN.

Special Dispatch to the Appeal.]

JACKSON, TENN., November 21.—In the Supreme Court to-day, the case of Waldraven vs. Mayor of Memphis was heard and judgment affirmed.

The case of Green vs. Smith reversed. The Murdock case was concluded to-day.

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

WASHINGTON, November 21.—Senate met to-day; quorum present. Sumner introduced a resolution that equal rights be extended to negroes in political matters in the District of Columbia.

Senator Dover Edmonds offered a resolution that the Government pledge itself not to tamper with the public debt. Laid over.

After further unimportant business this body adjourned over until Monday.

House met with quorum, galleries crowded and excitement great. Thaddeus Stevens in his seat, looking well enough.

The subject of admission of Tennessee members came up and was discussed for some time. The Democrats spoke of the Government of Tennessee as most absurd and disgusting, and made strong efforts to prevent admission of members, especially Stokes whom they denounced in the severest terms. The Radicals were clamorous to receive Tennessee delegates without referring to credentials. Finally, Tennesseans, except Butler, came up to the Speaker's desk and took the oath. Butler's credentials were referred. Clearer, delegate from New Mexico, not admitted, his seat being contested. The case was referred to the Committee on Elections. Delegates from Montana and Washington were sworn in. Wilson, from the Judiciary Committee, stated that the report on impeachment could not be submitted till Monday, which was accepted. Robinson, of New York, submitted resolutions reciting that Adams, Minister to England has been charged with neglect of duty in failing to secure rights of American citizens, and instructing the Commissioner on Foreign Affairs to inquire into such charges, and if true, that articles of impeachment be presented against him.

No action was taken thereon, and the House adjourned till Monday.

On motion of Mr. Blair, the Committee on Ways and Means was directed to inquire into the expediency of repealing the cotton tax.

NEW ORLEANS, November 21.—The following appointments were made to-day: the incumbents being considered impediments to reconstruction: Albert Voorhies, Lieut. Governor, removed; Jacob Hawkins appointed. H. H. Hardy, Secretary of State, removed; J. P. G. Pitkin, appointed. Adam Griffin, State Treasurer, removed; E. J. Jenkins, appointed. Hypolite Peralk, Auditor of Public Accounts, removed; J. H. Syrhers, appointed. R. M. Lucher, Superintendent of Public Education, removed; John McNair, appointed. Henry Bennel, State Tax Collector, 4th District, removed; George W. Kendell, appointed. Also, Charles Deleny, Coronor of the Parish of Orleans, is removed, and W. H. Hire appointed, by special order. The writ will be as sheriff, until new appointees can be qualified as the law requires. All done by J. A. Mower, Brevet Major General Commanding, etc.

At an extra session of the City Council to-night, the Mayor submitted a report of City Treasurer, showing that there are still in circulation $4,500,000 City notes.

CINCINNATI, November 21.—Fearful railroad collision followed by fire at Lockland, Ohio, to-day, resulting in the death of four ladies and one man.

LOUISVILLE, November 21.—River stationary—three feet two inches in canal. Weather misty and mild.

ST. LOUIS, November 21.—Weather cloudy and mild.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, November 21.—Sales of cotton to-day, 4000 bales, the largest of the season; demand, active; middlings, 17c; receipts, 3071 bales. Sugar, inactive and drooping; sales of prime at 12½c. Molasses, quiet; common to choice, 68@70c. Flour, dull and drooping, no quotations. Corn, declined 5@10c; yellow and white, $1 15@1 20. Oats, very dull, 78c. Pork, no sales reported, holders asking $21 75. Bacon, only a retail business doing; shoulders, 12½@12¾c; clear sides, 17c. Lard, dull; choice tierce, 13c. Gold, 39¾; sterling, 51@53; New York sight, ¼ premium.

ST. LOUIS, November 21.—Tobacco is quiet. Flour, X, $8@8 60. Wheat inactive at $1 80@2. Corn firmer at 91@95c. Oats stiffer at 67½@68c. Barley is higher at $1 22@1 92. Provisions are unchanged. Hogs active at 6@6¼c; hams 6½@6¾c, gross.

LOUISVILLE, November 21.—Tobacco scarce; sales of 49 hhds at $3 20@21 50. Superfine flour, $8. Wheat, $2 35@2 50. Corn, old shelled in bulk, 95@98c; new in ear, 65@67c. Oats are dull at 65@66c. Hogs, in bulk, 6¼@7c; receipts increasing. Green hams, 12c. Bacon—shoulders, 12½; clear sides, 16½c. Mess pork, $20. Lard, in tierces, 12¼@12½c. Whisky 35c in bond.

CINCINNATI, November 21.—Flour is dull; family, $10 50@10 75. Wheat dull $2 10@2 45. Corn, new, 75@76c. Rye dull, $1 48@1 50. Barley active, $1 55@1 65. Whisky unchanged. Hay dull, $6 25@6 75 gross, $8 40 net. Green meats, 6, 9 and 11¾c. Lard, 11¾@12c. Pork dull and nominal, $19 50@20. Bacon unchanged. Weather mild.

NEW YORK, November 21.—Cotton a shade lower; sales of 3000 bales, 17¼@18c. Flour dull and heavy, $15@15 25; superfine State and Western, $8 25@9. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull, $1 62 amber State, $2 65. Corn dull and lower, 78¼@80c. Rice quiet. Coffee dull. Sugar firm; Cuba, 11¼@12c; Havana, 12½c. Molasses quiet. Pork lower, $20 75. Lard lower, 12¾@13¼c.

Money market firm at 7 per cent. Sterling steady, 9½@9¾c. Gold, 139¾. Governments quiet and unchanged. State Face Company has failed; liabilities, $2,000,000; assets, $60,000. Stocks steady.

DIED.

GRAVES—Died, in this city on the 18th inst., W. P. GRAVES, aged 28 years.

Louisville and New Albany papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

MASONIC NOTICE—There will be a regular stated communication of Kilwinning Lodge, No. 341, at their Hall, No. 264 Front street, this (Friday) evening at 7 o'clock. Business of importance. A full and prompt attendance is expected. JOHN AINSLIE, S. W.
BEN K. PULLEN, Secretary. nov22 1t

WANTED—By two single Gentlemen, a ROOM, furnished or unfurnished, with Board, in a family where there are but few or no boarders. Address Lock Box 388. nov22 1t

A Fine Chance to Get Rid of Goods.

A FINELY improved piece of property, centrally located; House two stories high, and in perfect order, with all of the modern improvements, will be traded for a stock of Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Hats. Apply at once next three days to BENTON & MACLEAN, nov22 3t No. 22 Madison street.

HINSON & SMITH
DENTISTS,
No. 233 Main Street,
CLAY BUILDING.
S. A. SMITH, late with Dr. A. Wesson. ap6 nov22 d&wly

Attachment Notice.

W. V. Lester, Assignee of Howell, Davis & Lester, vs. J. S. Cook.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause, and attachment having been issued against the effects of J. S. Cook, upon the ground that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and it having been returned levied upon two mules and one wagon as the property of the said Cook—

It is therefore ordered that the defendant enter his appearance on or before the 24th day of December, 1867, to plead, answer or demur to said attachment, or the same will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Memphis Daily Appeal. S. A. MOORE, J. P.
Mallory, Young & Anderson, Att'ys for Pl'ff. November 21, 1867. nov22 law4w

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to me on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1867, by James Rose, E. H. Bassett, J. A. Nevius and M. B. Paxton, which deed of trust is registered in the Regis ter's Office of Shelby County, Tennessee, in Record Book No. 60, Part 2, pages 396, 397, 398 and 399, I, on

Monday the 23d Day of December,

1867, in front of my office at the corner of East Court and Second streets, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., proceed to sell for cash, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. a certain leasehold estate for a term of twenty years from the 15th day of December, 1866 to the 15th day of December, 1886, in the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain piece, parcel or lot of ground, lying, being and situated in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, and in the City of Memphis, designated as Lot No. 67 on the plan of the Navy Yard Grounds, ceded by United States Government to the city of Memphis, commencing at the intersection of Auction and Union streets; thence south with Fulton street 473 feet to Lot No. 66; thence westwardly with the line of Lot No. 66 to the Public Landing; thence northeast 365 feet to the beginning, together with all the improvements, building and erections thereon. There is a new steam Saw-mill on the said lot, with all the machinery necessary to run the same, in perfect order, which will be included in the sale. Said deed of trust was executed to secure the payment of one promissory note for $1,085 14 to M. P. Hill. The sale will be subject to the annual rent due the city of Memphis. Equity of redemption waived. Title good, but I will only convey as trustee.

JOHN HALLUM, Trustee.
November 21, 1867. nov22 30d

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

FOR RENT—The PLANTATION of the late John F. Hamlin, deceased, containing 1140 acres, situated eight miles east of Memphis, near the Pigeon Roost Road; 600 acres cleared and in a fine state for cultivation. The place will be rented in a body or any number of acres, to suit tenants. Houses all new and in good order, with many conveniences, including Gin, Mill, Blacksmith's Shop, etc.

Also, 2000 acres rich bottom land in Tunica county, Miss., opposite Helena, five miles from the river, with comfortable improvements and under good fence; will be rented in a body or in quantity to suit tenants. 400 acres open land.

Apply to F. W. IRVINE, 278 Front Row, for further information, or JOHN B. CARNES, Administrator John F. Hamlin, deceased. Memphis, November 20, 1867. nov22 1m

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed by Charles Thomas and Jane O. L. Thomas his wife, on the 15th day of May, 1867, and duly recorded at the Register's Office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in Record Book No. 60, Part 3d, pages 466, 467 and 468, I will on

Thursday, the 26th Day of December, 1867,

Between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m. at the southwest corner of Main and Madison streets, in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate: A certain tract of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered Two, of the subdivision of the lands belonging to the heirs of the late Dr. Lewis C. Trezevant, containing thirty-five and one-half (35½) acres, beginning at the northwest corner of lot numbered Three thence south 52° east 29.50 chains to a stake, thence north 20 links to a red oak stump, the southeast corner of lot three on the Plank Road; thence south 38° west 10.92 chains to a stake on the west side of said Plank Road thence 52° west 30.49 chains to a stake on the west boundary of the tract and in John Pope's east line; thence north 8 chains to the north corner of the tract, a hickory; thence 7.50 chains to the beginning. Also, an undivided moiety or half interest in and appurtenants, of another tract of land in the county of Crittenden, State of Arkansas, known on the original survey as of said State as the fractional east half of the southeast quarter of section 35, township 7, north range 9 east, and the east half of the east half of section 2, township 6, north range 9 east, containing in all 130 acres more or less. Said deed of trust was executed to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described. The right of redemption is waived, and the title believed to be good, but I convey only as trustee.

LOUIS F. CARR, Trustee.
Mallory, Young & Anderson, Attorneys. November 21, 1867. nov22 tds

Chancery Sale of Real Estate,

—ON—

Monday, December 23d, 1867.

493—N. R. D.—Thomas James, et al., vs. Louisa T. James, et al. Chancery Court of Memphis.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree made in the above cause, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on MONDAY, December 23d, 1867, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 m., the following described real estate, to-wit: The lot of ground known and designated upon the plan or map of South Memphis as No. 2 in Block No. 41, and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the east side or line of St. Martin street 60 feet southwardly from the point of intersection of the south side of Vance street, the east line of St. Martin street, thence southwardly on and with the east side of St. Martin street 80 feet to the north west corner of Lot No. 3 in said block No. 41, said lot extending back east-wardly from St. Martin street with a uniform width of 60 feet to the center of Bayou Gayoso, and runs back 60 feet to Lot No. 2.

The above lots have been subdivided into four lots, a plan or diagram of which can be seen upon application at the office of the Clerk and Master.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth cash and balance in equal instalments of six, twelve and eighteen months from day of sale—purchasers giving notes bearing interest from date, with approved security, and lien retained till payment of purchase money.

Equity of redemption barred.
nov22 A. ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

STRAY NOTICE—Posted by C. Brown, 3 miles from Memphis, a Pony Horse, 12 hands high, valued at $25; also, by Wm. Grooms, in 8th district, a Brown Horse Mule, 6 years old, 14 hands high, valued at $100; also, by A. L. Grady in 1st district, a Light Bay Mule, 10 hands high, about 8 years old, branded on the left shoulder with letter S, value $70; by T. N. Baker, a dark Brown Horse Mule, 15 hands high, value $100; by Jas Wellingham, near Raleigh, a Black Horse Mule, branded on left hip with G, valued at $30. The owners are notified to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

ANDREW STEWART,
Ranger Shelby County.
Raleigh, Tenn., November 19, 1867. nov21 law3w*

NOTICE.

THE Law Firm of THOMPSON & FRAZER is dissolved by mutual consent of the parties. Both of them will give attention to the business in their charge till closed.

W. W. G. THOMPSON,
C. W. FRAZER.
November 20, 1867. nov21

THE GRAHAM PLACE
For Rent.

THIS beautiful and spacious RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS are offered FOR RENT to an acceptable tenant for one year from 1st January next. Application to be made to Col. W. L. Duff, 19 West Court street, or to ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.
nov21 1w

INSURANCE.

Fire and Marine Insurance.

Home Insurance Company of NEW YORK,
Assets.....$8,765,503 40

Security Insurance Company OF NEW YORK,
Assets.....$1,002,706 63

Enterprise Insurance Company OF CINCINNATI,
Assets.....$1,000,000

Putnam Insurance Company OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Cash Capital.....$500,000

THE well established reputation of these Companies for prompt and honorable dealing, and their large Cash Assets, commend them to the favor of Business Men and Property Holders who desire reliable insurance, for either Fire or Marine. We represent no companies but those duly authorized by State and local laws. All losses adjusted and paid at this agency.

Vredenburg & Sylvester,
General Insurance Agents, No. 11 Madison street (up stairs), Memphis, Tenn. nov 21

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

MISS BETTIE C. YANCEY

WILL open a School for Young Ladies, at her residence, No. 8 Linden street, commencing MONDAY, November 18, 1867. A class of Boys will also be received. The Principal will be assisted by competent instructors. Terms moderate.
Memphis, November 12, 1867. nov13 1m

North American Life & Accident Ins. Co., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ALL policies issued on the endowment plan. All its policies are non-forfeitable. No restriction on residence or travel.
W. J. LITTLEJOHN, Local Agent,
no8 16 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

ONE PRICE STORE!

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Have just received and offer

BEAUTIFUL POPLINS,
At 30 Cents per Yard.

BLACK AND WHITE SHEPHERD PLAID
At 15 Cents per Yard.

EMPRESS CLOTHS,
At 85 Cents per Yard.

Also, a large stock of

FLANNELS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, JEANS, LINSEYS,
Bleached and Brown MUSLINS,
PRINTS of the handsomest styles,
SHOES, HOSIERY,
NOTIONS, Etc., etc., etc.,

All of which will be sold at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

We call the attention of the Ladies to our new

CLOAK AND SILK ROOM.

All styles of CLOAKS made to order, and a GOOD FIT GUARANTIED.

OUR ASSORTMENT OF GOODS IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

WE SELL TO MERCHANTS
AT A VERY SMALL ADVANCE
ON EASTERN JOBBERS' PRICES.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
242 Main Street,
nov10 Corner Jefferson.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager .....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WM. H. FITHIAN, JR., is a candidate for the office of Mayor at the ensuing municipal election. nov19 tc6

JOHN H. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next. nov19 tc6

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
J. W. KING.
se7 tc6

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 tc6

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SALOON FOR RENT, and FIXTURES FOR SALE. Apply at this office. nov21 1f

FOR RENT—A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Poplar and Alabama streets. A number one stand. Can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 300 Alabama street. nov21 1f

FOR RENT—A new brick Business House, three stories high, with cellar and all necessary improvements, just completed, at No. 2 Howard's Row.

Also, the Wheatley plantation, eight miles south of Memphis, between the river and Horn Lake road. It contains 600 acres of fertile open land under good fence, with improvements located so as to make the place susceptible of division into three tracts of 200 acres each. This is one of the best places in the country, suitable for grain or cotton-growing, or for a stock farm.

Apply to Dr. D. D. Saunders, 37 South Court street, or J. C. weaver, on the plantation.
no31-2w

FOR RENT—Fine OFFICES and SLEEPING-ROOMS, at prices to suit the times. Also, STORE and DWELLING HOUSES eligibly located—very cheap. Call on J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier Tennessee Saving Institution, Bethell Block. nov20 3t

FOR RENT—The residence of Dr. WM. V. TAYLOR, Sr., on Poplar street extended, just beyond city limits, and within one hundred yards of the city railway. The house contains ten rooms with out-houses, two large cisterns, and all other necessary conveniences, together with three acres of land attached, comprising rich garden spot, orchard, etc.

Will be rented either for one year, or leased to a good tenant for a term of years.

For terms, etc., apply to
J. A. TAYLOR,
Attorney-at-Law, over Commercial Bank.
nov18 2w

FOR RENT—My residence on Thornton avenue, between Third and Alabama streets, where I now reside. 7 acre of land, house eleven rooms, stable, etc.; all the convenience of a country home, at the same time convenient to the business part of the city. Possession given the first of December or sooner if desired.
J. H. WAGGENER,
294 Main street.
nov13*

FOR RENT—The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to M. L. MEACHAM,
oc22 1f No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—Store Houses Nos. 356 and 361 Shelby street. Also, a large office in the Walker block.
Apply to THOS. H. COCKE,
oc15 tf 279½ Main street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—I wish to rent 700 acres of rich Big Creek LAND, in the Northern portion of Shelby county, Tenn. It will be rented in large or small tracts. Address
CHAMBERLAYNE JONES, Sr.,
oct5 1m* Care Wormeley, Joy & Co.

FOR RENT—A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct-tf J. W. PAGE, JR.

TO RENT—Two large and splendid Halls at No. 221 Second street, in Adams Block, now available for itinerant shows, balls, private parties, clubs, lectures, fairs, etc. Will be rented reasonably. Inquire of M. Hill, Main street, Worsham block; and on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock a.m. Lieut. on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m. se21

FOR RENT FOR THE YEAR 1868.

A SMALL FARM, in the immediate vicinity of Germantown, and not more than half a mile from the depot, containing some seventy-five acres, about half of which is in cultivation. The balance is grove and timber, with a good and comfortable dwelling house, containing six rooms, with out-house, etc., a good spring of never failing water, and other appendages. Possession given on the 1st of January next and ending the 1st of December following. Apply to Henry T. Jones, living in sight of the place.
HENRY T. JONES.
nov5-law6w*

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE." The furniture, of every kind, now used in the House, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of
KENNY & PORTER,
Real Estate Agents, Kit Williams' Block,
oct 1f Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR RENT—STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. J. BETHELL, or S. P. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No 1 and 2. may22 1f

WANTS.

WANTED—A situation as Book-keeper or Salesman. References given, if required. Apply at this office. nov20

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is no more explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil, and will not smoke the chimney. It does not smell—it will not grease or soil the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold wealth.

For further information, call on or address
H. C. Hewitt & Co.,
24 Madison street, corner Main,
Jy19 Memphis, Tenn.

LOST--FOUND.

$25 REWARD—For any information that will lead to the recovery of a couple of Light Bay Mules, aged 8 years each, one a mare the other a horse mule, strayed on the 8th of this month, and was last heard from at Calhoun's Landing in the direction of Memphis. The above reward will be cheerfully paid. Any person knowing of the mules will please send to E. K. SCO, North Mt. Pleasant, Marshall county, Miss. nov20 1w

LOST, STRAYED or STOLEN—Three COWS from Alabama street, between Market street and the Raleigh road, on Saturday, the 16th inst.—one a light yellow cow with a bell on; one a full white one, and one Brindle on both sides, with nearly white belly and leg back of the bell mark. Any information left with me will be liberally rewarded.
MICHAEL JOYCE,
Alabama street, next to Soda Water Factory.
nov19 1w*

FOR SALE.

For Sale.

THE undersigned offers one-half interest in the MISSISSIPPI HOTEL, opposite the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad Depot.
J. A. PRIDGEN,
nov19 1w Administrator.

VALUABLE RIVER PLANTATION

FOR

SALE or RENT,

THE farm known as the Richardson place, in Randolph, containing 1 95 acres, of which 450 acres are cleared and under a fine state of cultivation. There are on the place a comfortable dwelling house and negro cabins, a good gin house, and all necessary outhouses. Terms reasonable. Apply to Addie, McLennan & Co., 284 Front st., Memphis, or to the undersigned at Covington, Tennessee.
J. R PALMER.
nv5 1m

FOR SALE,

Four Hundred Acres of Fine Land,

ONLY fifty acres cleared, balance heavily timbered; most of it above overflow, situated on Loosa Hatchie river, three miles north of Raleigh.

Terms of purchase are very favorable
Apply to FIN S. BURROW,
Raleigh, Tenn.,
Or to J. O. RIVES, Attorney at Law, Express Building, Memphis, Tenn. nov14m

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for Sale the Residence of the late Dr. W. H. Raines in the Town of Hernando, DeSoto county, Miss. There is on the premises a large and commodious Frame Building, with six rooms, out houses, Stables, Orchards, etc., and situated near the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad depot. For further information address the undersigned at Hernando, Miss.
W. A. LANE,
oct9 1m* Administrator.

FOR SALE—A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Gay & Rutland, 304 Front street, or
au23 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of fine river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.

This interest, in the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, with good interest.

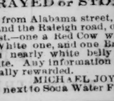
Also, 2200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.

These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.

Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
ma3-tf 286 Main street, Memphis

KNABE PIANOS!

KNABE PIANOS!



THESE unrivalled instruments are fully warranted for seven years, and are for sale at

NO. 375 MAIN ST., (Jackson Block,)
Memphis, Tennessee.
se22 tf By LEOPOLD GOEPEL.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made by D. C. Trader, Esq., at the December Term, 1867, of the Circuit Court of Shelby county, for letters of administration on the estate of A. W. Arnold, deceased. By order of Court.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

FRIDAY, : : : : : NOVEMBER 22, 1867

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	1:50 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Through Mail Daily	1:50 p.m.	6:10 p.m.
Somerville Accommodation daily (Sundays excepted)	7:45 a.m.	3:40 p.m.
Ticket office, 278 corner of South Court st.		

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Express	10:15 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

SAM. B. JONE, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	5 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	6:40 a.m.

To Commence Saturday, October 19th, 1867.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. oct9

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.

All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 5:30 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 8 p.m.

All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 5 a.m.

For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.

R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

FIVE CENTS.

We request that our patrons will not pay the newsboys more than five cents a copy for the APPEAL. It is sold over the counter at that price, and we allow the newsboys a sufficient margin to make a handsome profit by selling the papers at five cents per copy.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL—Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
ED. MANSFORD,
Supt. of Circulation.

EXCHANGE NO ROBBERY.—A "swap" is invited by Messrs Benton & Maclean, which deserves attention. A fine piece of real estate, well improved, will be exchanged for a stock of clothing, etc. See advertisement.

RETURNED.—Mr. D. H. Fieger, formerly Master Mechanic of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, but now the General Passenger Agent of the Great Southern Mail Route, has returned to the city to spend a few days with his family.

PERSONAL.—We were pleased yesterday to receive a call from Mr. M. Munford, editor of the *Tipton County Record*, who is in town putting up at the Worsham House. The *Record*, as well as its editor and proprietors, is sound in every particular, and is one of the best advertising mediums in the State.

CHARLIE DECKER—This diminutive specimen of manhood returned a day or two since after a visit of some months to the East, where he has been showing himself to good advantage. Charlie is about nineteen years of age, and well known to our citizens as one of the oldest newspaper men in the business.

DEPARTED.—A few days ago we mentioned the death of the esteemed Mr. Henry Clay Yancey. Wednesday night his sister, Miss Rosina L. Yancey, also died, and was buried on yesterday afternoon. Thus within a few short years three brothers and a sister have passed away.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENT THIEVES. About three o'clock yesterday morning, some burglars effected an entrance into the office of Dr. DeLap, (on Third street near Adams), by means of a back window, and succeeded in carrying off three cases of valuable surgical instruments. The thieves got off with the tools.

DISHONEST DOMESTIC.—Mrs. Dr. McMillan, who resides at 100 Madison street, appeared before Justice Miller yesterday, and complained that her servant Martha had stolen a pair of waffle irons, a quantity of provisions, and some clothing. Martha was arrested, lodged in jail, and will have a hearing before the Justice to-day.

QUICK TIME.—At a late hour last night we heard the rattle of a Southern Express wagon rolling past our sanctum, and upon investigation we found it—or behind it, rather—just arrived from Baltimore in the unprecedentedly short time of fifty-five hours. This is wonderful, and upon inquiry we found that every consignment received by Bliss, at 279 Main street, came in this time. Just think of it; oysters put up in Baltimore on Wednesday night, will be here to-night at 11 o'clock. It is no wonder that Bliss' oysters are so much prized.

SCENE OF LABORS CHANGED.—The officers of the Southern Asylum, dispersed two months ago by yellow fever, write that the Central Agency of the company has been transferred to Chicago, and the affairs of the company will be directed here, and lands may be sold there where greenbacks are abundant. This change was contemplated several months ago. The Secretary of the company writes that the next drawing will occur in January. The address of the company is Rooms 9 and 10, No. 155 Washington street.

LOST CATTLE.—Mrs. Winchester, who resides on the Raleigh road, a short distance from the city, has been unfortunate enough within the past few weeks to lose several head of cattle, but could not find the thief. Having some suspicion of a negro boy who had been in her employ, the lady appeared before Justice Miller and swore out a search warrant against the suspected party, who up to latest advices was still at large. There is little doubt but that an organized band of cattle thieves are plying their in amous trade in our suburbs. A mounted police is much wanted to rid the district of these villainous rascals.

NEW BELL AT CALVARY.—We are glad to learn that in addition to the many and appropriate improvements which the Calvary Cemetery is at present undergoing, (under its able and energetic director, Rev. M. Riordan, Pastor of St. Patrick's Church, and its devoted Superintendent, Mr. T. McCarney), that a fine bell, weighing complete, about 2100 pounds, has been purchased by contributions from the Catholic community, to be erected within the precincts of the Cemetery for the purpose of tolling as funerals enter the gate. Respect to the dead being a natural feeling, and such being the object of the subscribers, their action on this occasion is very commendable and should be duly appriseo.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street, and 393 Main street, have received the New York Ledger, Chimney Corner, Literary Album, Banner of Light, Boston Pilot, Irish Citizen, Harper's Bazaar, Police News, Sunday Times, Police Gazette, Frank Leslie's Weekly, Frank Leslie, Round Table, LaCrasse Democrat, Southern House Journal, American Artisan, London News, Wilkes' Spirit, Turf, Field and Farm, Saturday Night, Fireside Companion, back numbers of the New York Weekly, also German Leslie, back numbers of the Harper's Bazaar, Merryman's Monthly, Godey's Lady's Book, Peterson's Magazine, Demorest's Magazine, Lady's Friend, Harper's Magazine, all for December; London Art Journal, Good Words and Sunday Magazine for November, also new Sheet Music, and Dailies from everywhere.

JUDGE KELLY DISCUSSED BY MEMPHIS COLORED PEOPLE.—One Kelly, of Basal melody in linked sweetness long drawn out, a peripatetic, whiping philanthropist of the money making sort, who came South not very long ago as a lecturer of our intelligent, thoughtful, newly made colored fellow-citizens—this man Kelly made a speech in Memphis. He was listened to very patiently, and after pouring a broadside into the APPEAL, and its creed as announced at the head of the editorial column, proceeded to "pull the wool over the eyes" of Cuffy. The task was easy since the kinked filaments are not remote from the ocular orbs. It was cotton, however, instead of wool, that constituted the theme of Kelly's plaintive, monotonous oratory. He stated to the delighted victims of Loyal Leagues that the cotton tax bore rather heavily upon colored people, but that Radicalism was compelled to place a heavy export duty upon the staple to avenge the conduct of England and France during the late war. The question arises whether Cuffy or England and France have suffered most. Cuffy deems himself victimized, and one gentleman of color has said that Kelly was either a liar or fool. In fact, Kelly should return and reinstate himself in African confidence. He would be the death, among darkeys, of any candidate for the Presidency whose claims he espoused. Free as they are, Radicalism need only "sell" colored voters as has been done by Brownlow's Legislature, and Kelly, once or twice more, to drive the idea through Cuffy's skull, that he has been fouly swindled.

The Public is now aware that Rice, Stix & Co.'s closing Dry Goods sale is no deception. The inducements offered are such as will convince any one that the stock will be closed out as soon as possible.

MEMPHIS CONFERENCE.

CLOSE OF THE SESSION AT PADUCAH, KY.

Appointment of the Preachers.

The Memphis Conference of the M. E. Church, South, at Paducah, Ky., adjourned on the 20th inst., after a highly important and useful session of one week.

We are indebted to the editor of the Memphis *Christian Advocate* for a copy of the appointments announced by the Rev. Bishop Paine. A complete report of the proceedings of the session will appear in next week's issue of the *Christian Advocate*. We give now the appointments as news of interest to many readers:

APPOINTMENTS OF THE PREACHERS.

MEMPHIS DISTRICT—John Moss, P E; Wesley, A T Saun, E J Williams, sup; Central to be supplied (by W M Patterson,) D J Allen, sup; Ashbury, P S Petway; City Mission, A H Thomas; Olive Branch, T P Hodman, to be supplied (by J King,) P Toggle, sup; Hernando station, Amos Kendall; Hernando Circuit, D R S Rosebrough; Springdale and Greer's Chapel, T P Davidson; Raleigh, L D Mullins, W S Harrison, sup.

Samuel Watson, Book and Tract Depository, and in charge of the colored churches in Memphis.

W C Johnson, editor of the Memphis and Arkansas *Christian Advocate*.

Charles Collins, President, and Lorenzo Lea, Vice-President, State Female College

SOMERVILLE DISTRICT—T L Bowsell, P E, Somerville station, to be supplied; R V Taylor and W N Morgan, sup; Bolivar station, G B Taylor; Lagrange station, L H Davis; Newcastle, J W Boswell, S A Mason, T J Neely, sup; Mason, W Simmons, P M K Collins, sup; Oakland, W M McFerrin, J W Walkup, sup; Wesley Circuit, A R Wilson, James Perry, J T Rasberville, sup; Covington station, Timon Page, R A Umsted, sup; Mount Zion, A C Smith; Randolph, J M Poston, J D Slaughter, sup; Emory, W J Mcligin; Pleasant Ridge, W H Cullum.

T J Rivers, President Somerville Female Institute.

JACKSON DISTRICT.—W H Leigh, P E; Jackson station, J H Evans; Jackson circuit, Isham L Steward; Brownsville station, Guilford Jones; Dunbarck, W B Seward; Humboldt and Milan, S H Bishop; Mount Pinson, E L Fisher, Rock Spring, T P Ramsey; Purdy and Pleasant Grove to be supplied (by W A Cook.)

Amos W Jones, President of Memphis Conference Female Institute.

DYERSBURG DISTRICT—W D Harris, P E; Trenton station, R H Mahon; Trenton circuit, J B McCutchen, N Sullivan, sup; Dyersburg, D B Avery, Finley Ramsey, sup; Friendship, J D Harris, J F Armstrong, sup; Cageville, W J Mahon; Ripley station, J M Scott; Brownsville circuit, E J Meadows, T F Brewer.

S W Moore, President of Andrew College.

DRESDEN DISTRICT—W F Glenn, P E; Dresden station, J P Metcalf; Dresden circuit, S Weaver; McKenzie, H B Covington, J C Dewey, sup; Hickman circuit, J B Hamlett; Alsobury, sup; Hickman circuit, J M Pate; Kenton, H B Brandel; Troy, J E Bock, M Robinson, sup; Madrid Bend, D C Mc-Cutchen; Murray, J V Fly; Boydsville, E M Baker.

PADUCAH DISTRICT.—E C Slater, P E; Paducah station, Isaac Egbert; South Paducah, to be supplied; Paducah circuit, W W Fassett, A J Hunsaker, sup; Blandville mission, to be supplied (by T M Dixon); Columbus station, J H Garrett, F M English, sup; Clinton, Dennison Mason; Fulton, F A Wilkerson; Bryensburg, E H Pevyear; Hickman, J G Pirtle; Mayfield and Union, G K Brooks.

PARIS DISTRICT.—J H Witt, P E; Paris station, B A Hayes; Paris circuit, John Randle; Coggerville, W T Young; Camden, W R Hutchins; Huntingdon circuit, Henry Pleasant Plains, M M Taylor; Morgan's Creek, J M Spence; Decaturville, R S Swift; Lexington, J E Sharp.

HOLLY SPRINGS DISTRICT—J H Brooks, P E; Holly Springs station, A M Herrington; Holly Springs circuit, T C Ellis, G B Baskerville; Oklahoma, Elias Jackson; Sardis, A J See; Hernando, G W Rockwell; Coldwater, J A Cockrum, R A Nebbett; Byhalia, M H Ford; Marshall, Thomas Joyner; Early Grove, S H Lanson; Salem, T G Freeman; Hickory Flat, Edward Organ.

F J Lenoe, Byhalia Female Institute.

T J Gooch, Sardis Female Academy.

IUKA DISTRICT—W D P Halford, P E; Iuka station, A L Britnell; Tuscumbia circuit, W Culver, Joseph Johnson, sup; Corinth station, J D Acton; ——rinth circuit, to be supplied by L G Webb; Boonville, to be supplied; Rienzi, Joseph Kossuth, J W Honnoli; Marietta, M L Martin; Ripley, W Murrell; Middleton, J M Salisbury, R G Rainey; Rienzi, colored circuit, W E Hill.

J F Douglass, President of Iuka Female Institute.

ABERDEEN DISTRICT—A Cullen, P E; Aberdeen station, J W Mullins, Prairie, J W Devey; Okolona station, G C Lowe; Verona station, John Bannerman; Okolona circuit, W M Bunn; Richmond, J P Fauver; Fulton, H H Thacker; Baldwyn, R W Stubbs; Lee, E B Plummer; Pontotoc, H Kinder; Houston, R Kinder; Chickasaw, T J Lowry; Gladneyville, B B Barker.

E F Larabee, President Aberdeen Female College.

GRENADA DISTRICT—A B Fly, P E; Grenada station, E E Hamilton; Grenada circuit to be supplied; Charleston to be supplied (by H F A Lyon); Coffeeville, W F Goff; Oxford, J M Markham, sup; Water Valley station, W W Pearson; Water Valley circuit, to be supplied (by J H Lafferty); Yalobusha, to be supplied; Lafayette station, W F Mister; Oxford circuit, A K Miller; Union, W S Jones; Calhoun, to be supplied.

J J Wheat, Professor in the University of Mississippi.

SUNFLOWER DISTRICT.—J W Knott, P E; Friar's Point, to be supplied; Tunica, to be supplied; Panola, to be supplied; Coahoma, to be supplied; Clarksdale, to be supplied (by J F Truslow); Cassida, to be supplied; Rosedale, to be supplied; Sundower Mission, W McMahon, J A Collins as Sunday School Agent.

T W Shelton transferred to the Louisville Conference, and appointed to the Louisville Female Academy.

B F Riley, transferred to the Baltimore Conference.

B T Pearson, Thos L Duke, R H Reid, Thos L Fowlkes and W F Nance, transferred to the Illinois Conference of the Episcopal Methodist Church.

The next Conference to be held at Paris, Tennessee.

COUNTY COURT.—At the last meeting of the County Commissioners, the following orders were passed:

On motion of Mr. Hock, it was resolved that the resolution passed on Monday last for the examination of warrants in the hands of the County Trustee, etc., be now reconsidered, and the same is now and hereby decided to be cancelled for and unnecessary by the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, Tenn., That F. C. Stephenson, Jacob Glenn and A. D. Wetherall, be and they hereby are appointed Commissioners for the purpose of contracting for the building of bridges, on the Horn Lake road, one over the creek known as Haynes' branch, about six miles from Memphis, and the other over Cypress creek, about seven miles from Memphis. The bids for said bridges to be submitted to the Committee on Roads and Bridges, who are hereby empowered to authorize the prosecution of the work with as little delay as possible.

Ordered by the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, Tenn., That Tuggle Bond, be and he is hereby appointed overseer on the road leading from the Cowan Ford road, at the corner of George Small's fence, to the residence of Moses Neely, with power to call out all the hands subject to road duty on said road.

Ordered by the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, Tenn., That J. C. Jacobi be and he hereby is relieved from duty as overseer on the Horn Lake road, and that Peter Mitchell be and he hereby is appointed overseer on said road from the latest advices was still at large. There is little doubt but that an organized band of cattle thieves are plying their in amous trade in our suburbs. A mounted police is much wanted to rid the district of these villainous rascals.

Ordered by the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, Tenn., That Howell Douglass be, and he hereby is appointed overseer on the Pigeon Roost road, from the mouth of Lemaster's lane to Mrs. Ruff's residence, with power to work all the hands within one and a half miles of said road, on either side, subject to road duty.

Be it ordered by the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, Tenn., That Thomas Holman, in Dr. Douglass and N. F. Lemaster be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the purpose of contracting for the building of three bridges on the Pigeon Roost road, at a cost not to exceed $1000 for all; said bridges to be built, one over the creek at the mouth of Lemaster's lane, one at Mrs. Ruff's place, and one at the Kyle place. The Commissioners for this work shall confer with the Committee on Roads and Bridges belonging to this Board, relative to the acceptance of bids, and also in regard to the acceptance of the work, when completed, and shall use all diligence to have the work executed in as expeditious a manner as possible.

Ordered by the Board of County Commissioners of Shelby County, Tenn., That J. C. Jacobi, H. Kettman and W. S. Walton, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to advertise for bids for building a bridge over Black creek, on the Horn Lake road, said bids to be submitted to the Committee on Roads and Bridges, who shall authorize the work according to the most economical estimate, and the work contracted for by the Commissioners, and prosecuted with all due diligence and dispatch.

Other proceedings were had removing Commissioners of roads, etc., and appointing substitutes, the publication of which we cannot find room for.

PROSPECTS OF THE CITY'S CONTINUAL PROSPERITY.—Cheapen railway freights by consolidating railway lines, and farmers will produce more of articles which now will not bear the cost of transportation. The cost of food, thus lessened, and mechanics can afford to live and build houses in Memphis. Now that the whole tropical belt around the world grows cotton, Southern farmers will hoe cotton and dig potatoes. Thus we shall have cheaper food in the South than elsewhere; climate and soil are both faultless; the fields cleared for cotton will be burdened with cereals; railway charges will be lessened by the consolidation and concentration of different lines; mechanics can afford to live, and will own their houses; lots like those to be sold by Col. Monsarrat to-day, at the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad station, will, at present reduced auction prices, be eagerly sought after. In fact those who expect to make Memphis their abiding place, should take advantage of the present collapsed condition of the money market, and secure homes. Once before there was yellow fever in Memphis. Five months after the cessation of its ravages, Memphis property was more costly than ever before. The credit sales of Trezevant's property, in the suburbs, by Royster & Tregevant, show that the faith of the multitude in the future prosperity of Memphis is unshaken. Let us be hopeful. War, yellow fever, cholera and Radicalism are temporary calamities. Time and faith will cure them.

Rice, Stix & Co. have reduced prices of Prints, Brown and Bleached Muslins,

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER—LOTTA'S FAREWELL BENEFIT.—There was a fair house last evening, which doubtless would have been greatly augmented, but for the sale of seats for Lotta's benefit tonight. The pieces, *Kiss in the Dark*, *Addy Burke*, and *Lotta Mantee*, were played with spirit, and as usual Lotta was honored (?) with repeated *encores*, like the graciousness that purchases a dress and wants the trimmings (quite as expensive) thrown in. Her "Andy" was exceedingly humorous, and the song of "Pat Maloy" and the Irish jig given with infinite zest which found its way to every one of the audience, whose hands and feet moved in swift accord. The "Pas L'Eclair," in the afterpiece, was exquisite, and was received as it merited with rounds of applause. Messrs. Ellerton and Anderson, as well as most of the company, evinced their respect for the audience by leaving nothing to wish in the *ensemble* of the evening's entertainment. This evening is set apart for Lotta's farewell benefit, and is the last but one of her engagement. She will appear as "Little Nell" and the "Marchioness." From the seats already taken yesterday, it is certain that there will be a splendid house. On Saturday there will be a *Matinee*, to enable those who could not spend evenings from home an opportunity to see the wonderful Lotta. An enthusiastic admirer of California's golden favorite, just arrived from the Arkansas shore, where he has his "landing," could not restrain himself, or in other words, "hold his horses," mounted his Pegasus, and thus, like Iago's, his "muse labors":

TO LOTTA,

ON SEEING HER AS "LITTLE NELL" AND THE "MARCHIONESS."

Though rich both young and beautiful, fair Lotta,
Dear child of California's golden ores,
Bright as its ore concealed within its breast,
And drawn therefrom illuming all the world.
Though here, as there, a jewel as it were,
Set in the crown of rarest Comedy,
When Mercury on his nimble stage of mirth,
Both proudly wear, and flaming dance thy crown
Taught here the loves—the most admired of all.
The gifted child of song, and agile dance;
In every movement of thy fairy form,
The "Grace" seem but to reflect themselves.
Thy voice, like wooing nightingales 'mid roses,
Sweet as the trills of bird-song melody,
Wakens the heart of every auditor.
In admiration that thou'rt as thou art.
For thou art beautiful as "Little Nell"—
Poor little "Nell," the child of want and care.
Thus clad by poverty's reluctant hand,
In rags, we still see Lotta, beautiful.
The bright reflection of the gifted brain,
And novel pencil of unseen gave it life,
That Lotta might be clothed in separate parts.
A living thing, for 'twas endued with life.
Thou'rt "glee" in all its cloth witchery,
"Sparkling as champagne"—thy brilliant eye
A liquid font, dashing or gently sleeping
Beneath a wreath of tresses bright as sunset,
And rich as is the ruby glow of wine.
Crown'd by the beads that Bacchus' self hath strung.
He would, enchanted, drink a health to thee,
"Dramatic cocktail," to delirium.
In "spirit" more than "Wilkes!"
For while thine own dear land of boundless wealth—
Thy California, with its precious stores,
And golden nuggets and its dust of gold,
Stands forth "bright star" in constellation bright,
Amid the azure of our Union-land,
She calls upon her loved young sister—
Thee, "Lotta" of her wealth and genius,
"Diamond edition"—"pearl beyond all price!
Fair child! be ever smooth thy path in life,
And bright and stainless as the "dust of home."
The "Golden State" point out the "Golden Gate"
Above the stars which loiter on the way—
The stars of earth—to that eternal stage
Upon whose scenes the curtain never falls.

VARIETIES THEATER.—This place of amusement is commencing the season auspiciously. Mr. Broom has effected a great improvement in the arrangement of his entertainments. The company is well selected. Mrs. Wray, Misses Ada, Carrie Cornell, and Fannie Williams, deserve special commendation. The best order is observed, and the nuisances in the neighborhood being removed, the future prospects of the "Varieties" are exceedingly promising.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, Etc.*—The orders and decrees entered on yesterday are as follows; Vance vs. Wynne, order of reference; Anderson vs. Reed, order of reference; Handhauser vs. Riser, order of reference; Hallum vs. Seargent, order of reference; Heely vs. Heely, order of reference; Waddell vs. Ferguson, sci. fa. granted; Hudges vs. Rogers, final decree. In the case of vs. Borden, final decree. In the case of J. M. Tomeny et al. vs. John Eaton, Jr., et al., the demurrer of defendants was overruled and leave given to answer. The complainants allege, in their bill, that they are stockholders in the Memphis *Post*, and charge that John Eaton and L. B. Eaton have fraudulently credited contributions, as their own capital stock and money received for advertisements, and that they have generally mismanaged the business of the concern. They aver that the assets of the concern are but $19,100, and liabilities $15,185, and that owing to mismanagement they are in danger of incurring great loss and liability. That Jno. Eaton claims stock to the amount of $13,483 70, and L. B. Eaton $10,069 81. The complainants ask that a Receiver be appointed to take charge of the business; that the assets be sold, and that the joint stock company be dissolved, etc. Chancellor Smith announced that in the case of McDonough vs. Deagle, he was not ready to give a decision, but would take it up in a day or two. He was inclined to believe from the investigation he had given the case, that he had not jurisdiction—but that he would not on this in a day or two, and also the exceptions to defendant's answer; consequently the "Black Crook" can only be seen in the Chancery Court for the present. The Chancellor also notified counsel in the case of alleged contempt of B. B. Bingham, late United States Marshal, in forcibly taking property out of the hands of the Sheriff and ejecting his watchman from the premises, that he would prefer postponing the investigation of the case until Saturday or Monday. Numerous affidavits have been filed in the case, and we presume this case will settle the respective rights of United States Marshals and Sheriffs as to all future cases.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge, Etc.*—The cases set for trial to-day, are as follows:

106 Griffin vs Mynatt.
107 Chase, adm'r, vs Wilbourne.
108 Mully vs Berger.
110 Woodish vs Dooley et ux.
111 Cooper & Powers vs Dunbar.
112 Holmes vs Hyde.
113 Will jones & Co vs Church.
114 Blaine vs Maddox.
115 Scott vs Hise.
116 Owen vs Joiner.
117 Laiben vs Smith & Co.
118 Lawrence vs Miller et al.
119 Renfrow vs Memphis & Ohio Railroad Co.
120 Brue & Co. vs Gaines, adm'r.
123 Bayless vs Larr.
124 Douglass & Co. vs Cross.
125 Brown vs Holland et al.
126 Murrell, adm'r, vs Boon.
127 Peres vs Strauss et al.
128 Ellott vs Mccombs.
129 Fort om vs Galloway.
130 Harrigan, adm'r, vs Rice, adm'r.
132 Sainter, pair, vs Cogswell et ux.
133 Parish vs Smith & Co.
134 DeBarre vs Park et al.
135 Memphis & Ohio Railroad Co. vs Hughes.
136 Harrison vs Miller.
137 Smith vs Fletcher.
138 McLean vs Sale et al.
139 Pegh vs Memphis & Ohio Railroad Co.
140 Johnson vs Smith.

Should the above cases be disposed of in time, Attorneys can execute writs of inquiry up to the time of adjournment.

CRIMINAL COURT—*William Hunter, Judge, Etc.*—The murder case of the State vs. Joseph Donlon, will continue several days. The examination of witnesses commenced on yesterday. The prisoner stands indicted for the murder of his wife some months since. The theory of defence is insanity on the part of the accused.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldron, Judge.*—Meets to-day at the usual hour. The November term—law side—will commence on Monday next, which will be motion day. On Tuesday the trial docket will be called, and cases will be set for trial on Wednesday. The criminal side of this Court will adjourn in a day or two, to court in course.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INS. COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 313 OLIVE STREET,
ST. LOUIS, November 9, 1867.

T. Jones, Jr., Esq., Editor, etc., New York:

Dear Sir: My attention has been called to an article, on page 627 of October number of the "Insurance Monitor and Wall Street Review," which seems to require notice from us; but only to assure you that, no matter from whence your information cometh, so far as it relates to this Company the statements is grossly false and slanderous, both as to the amount of loss and the locality to which the chief business of the Company is confined.

Very respectfully,
[Signed] WM. T. SELBY,
Secretary.

NOTE.—The following explains the above letter:

"INSURANCE ITEMS."

"It is reported that the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, of St. Louis, Mo., has lost over $250,000 by yellow fever this summer at Galveston, New Orleans and Mississippi, the localities to which their business is chiefly confined."

Be Sure Before You Insure.—If it be the object of the insured to get the largest amount possible for a given sum, we give an example; A man 25 years old can obtain $5000 insurance for $58 15, "in toto," no note being required or loan made. A man 15 years of age insuring on the ten year participating plan for $5000, allowing the dividends to increase, the policy would have a policy amounting to over $8000 at the expiration of the ten years, at an expense of $269 75 per annum. Example of a note company in contrast, which takes at same age $233 95 in toto, $116 97 note, $123 98 cash, first year, $130 99 second, $138 third, $145 01 fourth, 152 02 fifth, making for first five years $700

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, } MEMPHIS, November 21, 1867.

Gold opened in New York to-day at 138⅞, and closed at 139⅛. Our brokers early in the day, paid 137⅝c, but towards the close 137c was the best offer made.

Silver—The buying rate is 128@129c; selling at 130@131c.

There was no movement in Scrip to-day. The demand is fair and brokers buy at 45c. The selling rate varies as to size of Warrants and amount wanted from 46 to 47c.

County Warrants, of low denominations, are in demand and taken moderately at 75@77c, but large ones are bought at 74c; selling at 80@85c.

Exchange is in fair demand with large supply. Buying at ¼c off, and selling at par to ¼@¾ off.

Police Scrip is scarce. The nominal buying rate is 75c; selling at 80c.

A decision was given in the United States Court on Wednesday that a person who is aggrieved by action of a Collector of the internal revenue, may have his suit against the Collector to recover back money illegally collected, although paid to the Collector and by him paid over to the government, provided the party aggrieved make the proper protest in time.

It is reported, on authority, that the amount mentioned in the draft of the treaty with Denmark for the cession of the Danish West India Islands to the United States is $7,500,000 in gold. The stories from Europe about liens of the French upon these islands is without foundation.

Julius Degenler, a reporter on the Staats Zeitung in Louisville, was arrested last Sunday on a charge of embezzling Government funds, while acting as Deputy United States Collector, in Erie, Penn., in 1865. After squandering a large fortune of his own in oil speculation, it is alleged that Degenler appropriated $6,000 belonging to the Government and lost it in the same way. He has been in Nashville about two months, and is said to be a man of remarkably good address and of rare culture. His age is about fifty-eight. He is married to a respectable lady from Erie, and a few months ago held a position on a paper in Dayton, Ohio.

Col. Mosby, of the late Confederate army, visited the gold room in New York on Tuesday and was invited by the President to the platform. Many members objected, and for a time great excitement prevailed. The President was finally sustained.

Our special dispatches from Washington report that the Alabama claims are at length in a fair way for adjustment. Some concessions are to be made on each side, and the only remaining difficulty is to arrange the terms of settlement as to avoid irritating the populist mind in either country.

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate	GEORGIA.	Buying Rate
Bank of Tenn.	old is se 2	Augusta L. & Ins. Co.	50
"	Chattanooga	Bank of Augusta	50
"	Middle Tennessee	" Athens	40
City Bank	60	" Columbus	7
Merchant's Bank	85	" Commerce	6
Northern Bank	60	" Fulton	40
Ocoee "	10	" Ely're State	20
Planters' "	90	" Middle Ga.	80
Union "	98	" Savannah	85
Shelbyville "	80	" State of Ga.	12
Southern "	95	Centr'l R. R. B'k Co.	95
Southern "	95	City R'k of Augusta	25
Traders' "	95	F'rm'rs & M'ch'cs	6
ALABAMA.		Ga. R. R. & B'k Co.	95
Bank of Mobile	95	Marine Bank	95
" Montgomery	45	Mrch'ts & Pl'ters B'k	5
" Selma	12	Planters' Bank	13
Commercial Bank	12	Union Bank	5
Eastern Bank	42	Mechanic's Bank	2
Northern "	33	Man'fact'rs "	12
Central "	6	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Southern "	95	Bank of Camden	30
NORTH CAROLINA.		" Charleston	15
Bank of Cape Fear	20	" Chester	7
" Charlotte	12	" Georgetown	6
" Clarendon	2	" Hamburg	13
" Commerce	12	" Newberry	30
" Fayetteville	7	" S. Carolina	7
" Lexington	10	" State, old is'e'd	10
" N. Carolina	40	" State, new "	5
" Wadesboro'	20	Commercial Bank	2
" Washington	10	Exchange Bank	10
" Wilmington	18	F'rm'rs & Exch'ge	45
" Yanceyville	5	Merchants' Bank	8
Commercial Bank	16	People's Bank	40
Farmers' B'k of N. C.	20	Planters' "	6
Merchants' Bank	40	Plant'rs & M'ch'cs B'k	16
Miners & Plant'rs B'k	25	South W. R. R.	22
LAND WARRANTS.		State Bank	3
40 acres, war 1812	38	Union "	60
80 " "	80	FOREIGN EXCHANGE.	
120 " "	100	Draft on England, Ireland and Scotland, $7 for 1 lo, sterling	
160 " "	140		
160 " not "	105	France, Switzerland & Belgium, 5 55 francs for $1 00.	
BONDS.			
M. & C. R. R. bonds	75	GERMANY.	
M. & C. R. R. coupons	85	Bremen $1.16 for 1 gold thaler	
M. & O. R. R. bonds	22	Berlin, $1.07 for 1 Prussian thaler	
M. & O. R. R. coupons	22	Frankfort, 69c for 1 gulden	
Tenn. bonds, old	68	Sweden, 40c for one rickdaler	
" new	70		
Tenn. coupons	70		
Miss. C. R. R. 1st m'tg	65		
" 2d "	49		
Memp's City b'nds	45		
" " coupons	56		

The opening cotton dispatch from New York to-day quoted that market dull and prices nominally unchanged. The noon dispatch was but a repetition of the predecessor, and at the close that market was weak and demand moderate; middlings, 17¾c; other grades the same; sales for the day, 3000 bales. The closing Liverpool dispatch of yesterday was received at a late hour to-day, and quoted that market steady, with prices unchanged; sales on that day, 10,000 bales. Our market opened dull and lower under the depressing news from Liverpool. Buyers were holding off to buy at 15c, and a few lots were picked up at that figure, but 15½c was the prevailing rate during the day for middlings. The market closed dull.

Inferior	10 @11
Ordinary	13 @—
Good Ordinary	14 @—
Low Middling	14½@15
Middling to Strict	15 @15¼
Good Middling	16 @—

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1	1,080
Received to-day	1,292
Received previously	58,099
	57 391
	58,471
Exported to-day	1,490
Exported previously	45,491
	46,981
Stock on hand	11,580

Business was active to-day in the jobbing trade. Meats are some firmer than yesterday. Mess pork is held at $22 50@23. Clear sides, 16¾@16¾c. Clear bulk sides, 15¾@15¾c. Shoulders, 13@13½c. Bulk shoulders, 11½c. Breakfast bacon, 18½@19c. Plain sugar cured hams, 20@22c. Shelled corn is firm at 107½@110c, and market bare. Ear corn sold on landing to-day at $1. Oats are dull at 70@72c. Bran, $30@32. Hay, $25@26. Cornmeal is dull at $5 65 on landing; $5 75@6 from store. The stock of apples is large and demand good for choice, which sell at $4 to $5 per barrel; cooking apples, $3 to $4. Eggs are very scarce and firm at 36 to 40c. Potatoes are still dull—choice sell at $4 to $4 50 from store, and common at $3 50 to $3 75; sack potatoes are held at $1 50 to 1 65 per bushel. Sweet potatoes in demand—shipment, 50c@$1. New Gunnies are held at 26c, and second-hand, 16 to 18c, with a good demand from the interior. Chickens are in large supply at $4 00 to $4 50 for old and young. Onions are scarce and firm at $4 00 to $4 25 per bbl. Cement $4 75 to $5 per bbl. Butter is in good demand; Goshen, 45@46c; choice western, 38@40c; good, 30@34c; common, not in demand. Bagging in good demand at 26½@27c for India, 25@27c for Kentucky power, and 24@25c for hand made. Flour very quiet; superfine $7@8, X $9@10 50, XX $11@12 50, XXX $13@14; fancy brands $14 50@15 50. Mackerel in good supply; No. 1 half bbls $10 50@11; No. 2 $9 50@10; No. 1 kit, $2 75@3; No. 2 $2 50@2 75; No. 3 $2 25@2 50. Molasses firm at 70@80c for St. Louis refoiled; no New Orleans or Louisiana in market; syrup, $1@1 50. Sugar firm 18½@19c for white crushed and powdered and coffee sugars at 17½@18½c; brown 16@17c. Rio Coffee, fair to choice, 24@27½c. Cliff Lime $2 00@2 25; Cape Lime, $2 00@2 25. Western reserve cheese, 15½@16c; factory, 16@16½c; English dairy, 18½@19c. Common, whisky, $1 75@2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25@3; Bourbon, $3@5.

Game scarce—quails, $2 50 per dozen; prairie chickens, $5; ducks, $4@4 50; rabbits, $2 50; squirrels, $2; white venison, 10@12½c per pound. The late cool weather has brought down meats to market in fair quantities—dressed hogs are held at 10@11c.

The live stock market is unchanged—No. 1 beef cattle sell at 5@5¾c gross; inferior, 3@4c. Sheep, $4@4 50 for No. 1, and inferior dull at $3@3 50. Hogs, 7@8c gross.

The wheat and flour exports of California this year will not fall far short of ten millions of dollars. The wine crop this year will amount to three millions of dollars. While there is a falling off in the gold product, other branches of industry offer more than a counterbalance.

The price of wheat in England has doubled since 1864, and is now higher than it has been since the close of the Crimean war. In the first fortnight of October it rose on the average 15 per cent. The crop is said to turn out, on threshing, a fair lighter yield than was anticipated, and French buyers are still active in their operations in the English meat market.

The following resolution has been adopted by the Directors of the Board of Trade of Chicago:

Resolved, That on and after this date the Chief Inspector shall inspect all new corn that is merchantable as "new corn," and all new corn that is dirty in bad condition and unfit for warehousing as "no grade," to be left on track.

The Eastern shoe market is dull and the complaint is general that few orders only are coming forward from the West. The trade in that section has not come up to the expectation of distributors, and hence few of them have returned here a second time to duplicate their purchases. Supplies of the fall business everywhere have been light and holders of stocks likely to be carried over are now pressing sales at less than cost. Manufacturers are winding up their seasonable operations; they are doing nothing except on orders, and will not enter upon the spring campaign before the first or middle of January.

The leather market is extremely dull, with manufacturers taking their seasonable vacation. Prices are unsettled and almost entirely nominal. Hence no reliable quotations can be given, though it is safe to say that bona fide buyers may obtain important concessions. These remarks apply equally well to rough and finished leather. The receipts from the tanneries are not large; but owing to the long continued dullness of trade there has been considerable accumulation of stocks, and nearly all descriptions are offering at rates close down to the cost of productions.

The Chicago *Tribune* says of the corn crop: The early spring rains, which in some sections did great damage to the corn which had been planted but a short time previously, followed by a long drought during the summer, led many operators to believe that the crop of corn would be poor in quality and light in yield, as compared with other years. The magnificent weather or ripening during the fall and the absence of early frosts, dissipated the fears indulged in, and the crop is now regarded as a success. In the Southern part of Indiana, Ohio and Illinois, where it was reported as a failure, the crop has been much better than was expected. The yield per acre was not heavy, but as there was a great breadth sown, the number of bussels will aggregate as much as in former years. The crop in Central Illinois and throughout Iowa turned out much better than the most sanguine ever anticipated, and take the country throughout, it is safe to say that there will be as many bushels to be marketed as in any previous year. The new corn now being marketed is of superior quality. The grain is large and well filled, and if it we reony a little drier, would readily inspect No. 1. Already it is having an effect on the market for old corn. The new crop rules steady and firm, while the old crop, inspecting mostly as No. 2, is steadily depreciating in price, and after the close of navigation it would not surprise us to see the old and new selling at nearly the same figures.

Wagon and Carriage Material

Corrected Daily by Woodburn, Smith & Co., Nos. 114 and 116 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 00@$15 00	
Buggy wheels, Sarven's patent	—@ 25 25	
Wagon wheels	10 00@ 12 00	
Buggy hubs, perset	1 25@ 2 00	
Wagon hubs, do	1 40@ 2 00	
Buggy spokes, do	3 00@ 5 00	
Wagon spokes, do	2 75@ 3 75	
Bent fellocs, do	1 80@ 2 85	
Sawed felloes, do	1 50@ 3 75	
Buggy shafts, per pair	—@ 90	
Buggy poles, each	—@ 90	
Wagon singletrees and N. Yokes, doz	2 00@ 2 20	
Plow shanties, per dozen	2 00@ 2 50	
Buggy beds, each	14 50@ 17 50	

sep6 dawtin

PLANTATION AND NEW STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A PAYING INvestment. The plantation is known as the town of "Lake Bluff," on White river, Ark., 16 miles above the Memphis and Little Rock railroad crossing, containing between four and five hundred acres, about one hundred cleared (15 feet above the late overflow), the remainder heavily timbered, together with the whole or half interest in a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, (forty horse power,) Engine, Blacksmith's Shop, Carpenter's Tools, Wagons and all necessary appurtenances for running the same. There is a fine Mansion with nine rooms, a Ustern, (capacity 5000 gallons,) three Cabins, a Warehouse, two good Wood Yards, and the best landings on the river. The above will be sold at low figures and on easy terms. For further particulars apply at the office of the undersigned, in Memphis.

nov16 dawtf — Wm. H. ANDREWS.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.

No. 276 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

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D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS,

No. 14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

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A. VACCARO, S. VACCARO, — M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

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U. S. BONDED CELLAR.

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES,

LIQUORS,

Foreign Fruits,

AND PRODUCE.

No. 262 Second Street;

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'

CELEBRATED

BAVARIAN BITTERS,

The best Bitters in the market as a

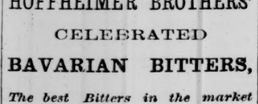
TONIC AND APPETIZER.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

276 Front Row.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,



UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

au14 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,

General Undertakers and Dealers in Metallic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds.

No. 368 Second St., N. E. cor. Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. McCAFFREY. — W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe,

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my24

WM. H. ANDREWS,

Grocer

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

281 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE have on hand a large lot of fine BOURBON; also, a general assortment of Groceries and Plantation Supplies, which we offer at the lowest market rates. nov20 1m

THOS. FENNER. H. BENNETT. D. W. BOWMAN.

FENNER, BENNETT & BOWMAN,

Commission Merchants,

134 Pearl Street,

NEW YORK.

Office at 15 Union Street. (R. E. Lee Block.)

LIBERAL advances made on Cotton consigned to our New York or Memphis, November 13, 1867. nov13 1m

GAS FIXTURES.

WE have received and opened a splendid assortment of

Gas Chandeliers, Pendants, Brackets, Pillars and Shade,

Of the latest and best style. For sale at Manufacturer's prices.

PULLEN & HAMMOCK, No. 273 MAIN STREET, (Opposite Court Square.)

nov10-2w

FOR SALE.

158 ACRES OF IMPROVED LAND—TEN miles from Memphis. Terms easy. Apply to E. S. CLARKE, no9-1m* 32 Front Street.

To Creditors of Bankrupts.

PERSONS receiving notices that their debtors have filed petitions to be declared bankrupts, will do well to immediately prove their claims and forward them to the proper Courts, or they will be barred. I have the blanks necessary, and can put them in proper shape, at small expense. HUME F. HILL, U. S. Commissioner, No. 18 Madison street. nov14 1w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

To All Whom it May Concern: Having taken out letters of Administration on the estates of Charles Cordes and Henry Cordes, I hereby notify all persons having claims on these Estates to come forward and present them properly authenticated, etc., within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred. A. CORDES, Administrator. Bullock & Anderson, attorneys. oct9 1m*

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,

Poplar Street, East of Orleans.

Mrs. M. E. POPE, Principal.

PERSONS wishing to enter pupils will please call after 3 p.m., or at any time Saturday. nov16 1m

BANKS AND BANKING

P. C. BETHELL, President. — J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner Court and Main Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business, Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS:

JNO. C. LANIER, President Gayoso Savings Institution. — W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank.

JAS ELDER, President DeSoto Bank. — P. C. BETHELL. — J. K. P. PRITCHARD.

se29 3m

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS:

No. 12 Madison Street.

F. W. SMITH, : : : President.

D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.

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THE DeSOTO BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

NO. 20 MADISON STREET.

JAMES ELDER, - - - - President.

W. H. WOOD, - - - Vice-President.

T. B. FARNSWORTH, - - - - Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS.

J. W. PAGE, Jr., : : : : President.

H. E. GARTH, : : : : : : Cashier.

BANK BUILDING,

Corner Madison and Main Streets.

DOES A GENERAL

DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE

BUSINESS;

—DEALS IN—

Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.

Collections from all points Solicited.

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GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a

GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.

Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell

Foreign & Domestic Exchange, Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.

SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the South and West.

E. M. AVERY, Cashier. — JOHN C. LANIER, President.

oc2 3m

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

Depository and Financial Agent

—OF THE—

United States.

F. S. DAVIS, - - - - President.

R. C. BRINKLEY, - - Vice-President.

C. P. NORRIS, - - - - Cashier.

T. W. JOHNSTOW, - - - Ass't Cashier.

MEMPHIS

GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 16 ADAMS STREET NO. 16.

General Banking

—AND—

American and European

EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

D. PANTE, - - - - - - President.

FRED. WARNER, - - - - Cashier.

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THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 9 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,

J. LEVY, Pres't. — S. BORG, Cashier.

L. LEVY, V. P. — M. C. KOHN, Ass't Cash.

is now open for business at 45 Main street, and will be ready to receive deposits on and after the 1st of October. [Successors to Levy & Borg.]

—DEALS IN—

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE,

Gold, Silver, Stocks, Bonds,

Government and Miscellaneous Securities

AND all descriptions of Uncurrent Funds. Deposits received subject to check. Collections solicited and promptly cared for. aul tf

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

No. 293 Main Street.

NATHAN CORONNA, : : : President.

MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.

J. J. JENNY, : : : : : Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. CORONNA,	JOHN DUTLINGER,
JOS SPECHT,	C. A. DAMMAN,
A. CORDES,	JACOB WELLER,
N. HOFFHEIMER,	NICH FRECH,
H. H. METTE,	E. MEYER,
J. P. HOFFMAN,	AND. RENKERT,
	J. J. JENNY.

Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.

Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and on all principal cities of Europe.

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ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you wish to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter Trade with the very best descriptions and styles of ALL WOOL CASSIMERES, and with the most durable JEANS and KERSEY FABRICS,

All Free from Shoddy and other Impurities,

Order Samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded with prices attached, during the months of July and August. From these samples you can make your selections and return your orders, and the Goods will be forwarded direct from the Manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG, Pres't, Charlotte, N. C.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

NO material which has ever been discovered has effected greater benefits in the household economy than

McGIMSEY'S MAGIC SOAP.

It is a labor saving invention, as well as an invaluable remedy in Scurvy, Scald Head, Eruptions of the Skin and Piles. Dandruff is removed from the head, the Teeth whitened and cleans d, Plate and Jewelry cleaned, Stains effectually removed from Carpets, Furniture, Clothes, Paint, Varnish or Marble, with the greatest facility and without injury to the material. It is a great saving of time and labor in washing clothes. It is the only known Soap which will wash Flannels with the use of cotton or linen without shrinking or shrinking. All these important objects can be effected without injury to the skin or the most delicate colories, it possesses no deleterious qualities whatever. The world is challenged to produce a soap which possesses so many valuable properties and which is so innocuous and safe. It is a home invention, and defies competition in any part of the world. It has become a necessity in Memphis, and its use is rapidly spreading throughout the South, and eventually will extend over the Yankee states, North and South America, Europe, Africa and Oceanica. Manufactured solely by C. P. McGimsey, Memphis, Tenn., and sold at the following places in the city at wholesale and retail: Page & Co.'s, Dean's, Taylor's Drug Store, Poplar street; King's, corner of Third and Adams; Oliver & Co.'s DeSoto Block, Madison street; will soon be found at any respectable family grocery or drug store. The proprietor is determined that its manufacture shall keep pace with the rapidly extending demand for its use. au16

SOUTHERN

TRIMMING EMPORIUM

JAMES G. MOFFATT,

347 Main St., South of Union,

IMPORTER OF

Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings,

French and German Buttons'

Fancy Goods, Notions,

Zephyr Worsted,

Worsted Patterns,

Real Laces, English Hosiery,

Toys, French Corsets.

Agent for the celebrated

Boulevard Hoop Skirts!

RAILROADS.

Quick Time

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE,

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, Oct. 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 6:40 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

in advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day. This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12 00.

Through Tickets via Nashville to CHATTANOOGA, KNOXVILLE, ATLANTA, and all Principal Points in GEORGIA, ALABAMA and the CAROLINAS.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 257½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

M. GRIDLEY, Ticket Agent. — SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't. ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of Trains, and Check Baggage to all Points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 257½ Main street, will call at any part of the city of steamboat landing.

JOHN H. JONES, Sup't M. C. T. Co. October 1, 1867. oct 1f

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, } MEMPHIS, TENN., September 25, 1867. }

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville Railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons holding through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 257½ Main street, and at Depot.

General Superintendent. ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. oct 1f

F. E. RADCLIFF,

Contractor and General Agent

FOR THE SALE OF

Stone Drain Pipe of all Sizes, Louisville Cement, Alabama Lime, Plaster of Paris, Etc.,

Has removed his office to

No. 39 Madison Street,

Between Main and Second,

WHERE he will attend to all orders promptly. Especial attention by experienced men given to all kinds of sewering. my5 tf

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES

—FOR—

COTTON BALES.

THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN DIAMOND TIE and BUTTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore they now offer his ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to instantly clamp the hoop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and hold it without slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of any size, with the same facility and speed. In strength, security and facility of application, they will compare favorably with any set introduced.

The advantage of iron Ties are now generally recognized; but it is deemed not out of place to call attention to those interested, to the very emphatic recommendation of Underwriters, Steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Sea Steamers and Sailing Vessels, recently published in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING, General Agents, New Orleans,

For sale by

MEACHAM & TREADWELL, HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO., Memphis,

And other dealers and Grocery Merchants.

se22 3m6

NEW MARKET PRESERVES—

(Cherries, Strawberries, Peaches, etc.)

Preserved Canton Ginger, in Syrup;

" " Dry;

CRASS & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES—

(Chowchow, Onions, Cauliflower, etc.)

New Peaches in Cans—2 and 3 lbs.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,

300 Main Street.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

And fine SYRUP;

HARRISON FLOUR;

GRAHAM or UNBOLTED FLOUR;

RYE—all Kinds.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,

300 Main Street.

MACKEREL—

No. 1 SHORE, BAY and MESS, all nice, for Family use;

NEW CODFISH;

NEW HERRING.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,

oc31 300 Main Street.

OFFICE MEMPHIS GAYOSO GAS COMPANY, MEMPHIS, TENN., November 7, 1867. To the Stockholders of the Memphis Gayoso Gas Company:

An additional call of twenty per cent. on the subscribed stock of the Company is hereby made payable at the Company's office, southwest corner of Main and Jefferson streets, on or before the 18th day of November, 1867.

JOHN DONOVAN, President.

GARLAND P. WARE, Secretary. nov8 10t

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. H. McCLURE, Architect and Engineer.

RANDALL & HEATH,

Iron and Brass Founders and Machinists,

CHICKASAW IRON WORKS,

S. E. Cor. of Second and Winchester Sts., (Opposite Market Square),

MEMPHIS, ... TENN.,

WILL furnish all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings on short notice and at most reasonable rates; and especially keep on hand at all times the various sizes of Gin Castings. se22 2m

ABSTRACT OFFICE.

ROOM NO. 1,

Corner Monroe and Second Sts.

WE have the Abstract Books and complete Index of the Register's Office, compiled by the late HENRY A. OKNE; and, after more than a years' trial of their accuracy and a careful experience in the business, (not one mistake having occurred in all that time), we are enabled to furnish complete deraignments of title to all

Fort Pickering, Memphis and Shelby County lands,

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. G. J. CAMPBELL & CO., Successors to Bond & Campbell.

ap20 tf

R. W. LAMB. — E. B. LAMB.

STORAGE

—BY—

R. W. LAMB & CO.,

—FOR—

Cotton and Merchandize Generally,

At Charleston Cotton Shed,

Corner of Adams St., and Charleston Avenue,

au30 tf MEMPHIS, TENN.

LYONS, FIES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,

240 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

H. LYONS, J. FIES, J. SARTORIUS. } PLANTATION SUPPLIES

NOTICE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—That I will apply at the November term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., for letters of administration on the estate of Fred. Seefrid, deceased. F. PFEMFERT.

oct8 law4w

NEW YORK CARDS.

KAVANAGH & DECKER'S

BILLIARD TABLES

THE most reliable Cushion used on Billiard Tables is the

CAT-GUT CUSHION,

Manufactured by KAVANAGH & DECKER, and Patented Dec. 18, 1866. (See Scientific American, Vol. 16, No. 11.)

It is the only Cushion that possesses all the qualities essential to a Perfect Cushion. It is the most elastic and most durable Cushion ever offered to the billiard-playing public, as is abundantly proven by the great demand for it since its introduction. The peculiarity which distinguishes the Cat-Gut Cushion and renders it superior to all others, is the tightened cord of cat-gut which overlies the face and edge of the rubber and running the full length of the Cushion, which prevents the ball from bedding into the rubber and jumping from the table. The addition of the cat-gut cord also adds much to the elasticity of the Cushion.

The Cat-Gut Cushion has already been applied to over 100 tables, which are in constant use. It can be applied to tables of any make, for $75 per set.

Kavanagh & Decker's Factory, at the corner of Centre and Canal streets, N. Y., is the most complete of its kind in the world. The machinery is of the most improved character, the lumber drying room the largest in the United States. The material used the best that can be purchased, and the workmen thoroughly skilled.

Billiard Cloth, Balls, Cues and Trimmings, all of the best make, constantly on hand.

Kavanagh & Decker are the only agents in this country for Hoy's Cue Cement, adopted by competent authorities to be the best Cement ever used.

Full size Tables cut down for $100.

Send for Illustrated Price List.

KAVANAGH & DECKER, Corner of Centre and Canal streets, New York City.

THE

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the order of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior Instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate.) They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Melodious Tones. The Cases are of rich appearance and easily handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to Siberia Ott,

se5 dawl0m 783 Broadway, New York

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.

THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner possible, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its positiveness does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpractised and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years. sep6 dawly

TERWILLIGER & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES,

With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 100 Malden Lane, near Pearl St., se5 dawl0 n NEW YORK.

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,

RECTIFIER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

Common, Rectified and Bourbon

WHISKIES,

Supplied to the Trade

At the Lowest Market Prices.

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